# 2020-21



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Rahya- Suchani (Bagla), District Samba 181143, Jammu (J&K) CUJ/ACAD/CSIT-M.TECH/2021/217

21st May, 2021

#### NOTIFICATION No. 41/2021

Course Scheme and Syllabus of 1<sup>st</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> Semester of M. Tech. in Computer Science and Sub: Technology - Reg.

Ref: Notification No. 51 of 2019 dated 18.06.2019

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It is hereby notified for the information of all concerned that on the recommendation of the Board of Studies, Department of Computer Science and Information Technology and Dean, School of Basic & Applied Sciences, the Vice Chancellor in anticipation of Academic Council has approved the following Course Scheme and Syllabus of 1<sup>st</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> Semester of M. Tech. in Computer Science and Technology w.e.f. Academic Session 2021-22. The approved course scheme and syllabus are as follows:

| <u>Semester – I</u><br>Course Code | Course Title                                 | Credi<br>t | CIA  | MSE       | ESE  | Max.<br>Mark<br>s |    |     |
|------------------------------------|--|------------|------|-----------|------|-------------------|----|-----|
|                                    | Core courses                                 |            |      | 6 8 8 8 8 |      |                   |    |     |
| PGMTH1C016<br>T                    | Advanced Data Structures & Algorithms        | 4          | 25   | 25        | 50   | 100               |    |     |
| PGMTH1C017<br>T                    | Data Communication and Computer<br>Networks  | 4          | 25   | 25        | 50   | 100               |    |     |
| PGMTH1C014<br>L                    | Advanced Data Structures & Algorithms<br>Lab | 2          | 12.5 | 12.5      | 25   | 50                |    |     |
|                                    | Elective – I Course (Any                     | One)       |      |           |      |                   |    |     |
| PGMTH1E026<br>T                    | Information Security                         |            |      |           |      |                   |    |     |
| PGMTH1E027<br>T                    | Modelling Simulation & Optimization          | 4          | 4    | 4         | 4 25 | 25                | 50 | 100 |
| PGMTH1E028<br>T                    | Secure Industrial Control Systems            |            |      |           |      |                   |    |     |
| PGMTH1E029<br>T                    | Cloud Computing and Architectures            |            |      |           |      |                   |    |     |
|                                    | Elective - Il Course (Any (                  | One)       |      |           |      |                   |    |     |
| PGMTH1E030<br>T                    | Soft Computing                               | 4          | 25   | 25        | 50   | 100               |    |     |
|                                    | Page 1 of 1                                  |            |      | la e bra  |      |                   |    |     |

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|----|---------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------|
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| <u>Semester – II</u><br>Course Code | Course Title                                | Credi<br>t | CIA  | MSE  | ESE | Max.<br>Mark<br>s |
|-------------------------------------|---|------------|------|------|-----|-------------------|
|                                     | Core courses                                |            |      |      |     | 100               |
| PGMTH2C011                          | Advanced Database Management<br>Systems     | 4          | 25   | 25   | 50  |                   |
| T<br>PGMTH2C012                     | Advanced Software Design, Development       | 4          | 25   | 25   | 50  | 100               |
| T                                   | and Testing<br>Advanced Database Management | 2          | 12.5 | 12.5 | 25  | 50                |
| PGMTH2C007<br>L                     | Systems Lab                                 | .000)      |      |      |     |                   |
|                                     | Elective - III Course (An                   | y one)     |      |      |     |                   |

| PGMTH2EQ31      |   |       |      |      | and the second second |     |     |
|-----------------|---|-------|------|------|-----------------------|-----|-----|
| T               | Network and Cyber Security  |       |      |      |                       |     |     |
| PGMTH2E032<br>T | Big Data Analytics  | 4     |      |      |                       | 100 |     |
| PGMTH2E033      | Computing Systems for Robotics Are.                                   |       | 4    | 25   | 25                    | 50  | 100 |
| PGMTH2E034<br>T | Agile Software Development  |       |      |      |                       |     |     |
|                 | Elective - IV Course (Any   | One)  |      |      |                       |     |     |
|                 | Elective - IV Course (Airy  | Unic) |      | T    |                       |     |     |
| PGMTH2E035<br>T | Wireless Sensor Networks  |       |      |      |                       |     |     |
| PGMTH2E036<br>T | Data Warehousing and Mining >>>.                                      | 4     | 25   | 25   | 50                    | 100 |     |
| PGMTH2EQ37      | Computer Vision   |       |      |      |                       |     |     |
| PGMTH2E038      | Advanced Object Oriented Programming                                  |       |      |      |                       |     |     |
| PGMTH2E002      | Lab based on Elective – IV  | 2     | 12.5 | 12.5 | 25                    | 50  |     |
|                 | Interdisciplinary Cours   | se    |      |      |                       |     |     |
|                 | and the second second second second second second                     |       |      |      |                       | 100 |     |
| MOOC course av  | vailable on SWAYAM / NPTEL/ IDC offered<br>v other Departments of CUJ | 4     | -    | -    | -                     | 100 |     |
|                 | Total   | 24    |      |      | -                     | 600 |     |

| Semester – III<br>Course Code | Course Title                                    | Credi<br>t | CIA  | MSE  | ESE | Max.<br>Mark<br>S |
|-------------------------------|---|------------|------|------|-----|-------------------|
|                               | Core courses                                    |            |      |      |     |                   |
| PGMTH3C010<br>T               | Artificial Intelligence and Machine<br>Learning | 4          | 25   | 25   | 50  | 100               |
| PGMTH3C008<br>D               | Dissertation – Part I                           | 8          | 50   | 50   | 100 | 200               |
| PGMTH3C002<br>P               | Research Seminar                                | 2          | 12.5 | 12.5 | 25  | 50                |
|                               | Elective - V Course (A                          | ny One)    |      |      | 4   |                   |

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| PGMTH3E019      |                        |    |              |          |       |     |
|-----------------|------------------------|----|--------------|----------|-------|-----|
| T               | Pattern Recognition    |    |              |          |       |     |
| PGMTH3E020<br>T | Internet of Things     |    |              |          |       |     |
| PGMTH3E021<br>T | Cryptography           | 4  | 25           | 25       | 50    | 100 |
| PGMTH3E022<br>T | Digital Forensics      |    |              |          |       |     |
| PGMTH3E023<br>T | Cyber Physical Systems |    | - ALC ADDREE |          |       | 450 |
|                 | Total                  | 18 | 1.           | 4193 - S | 1.282 | 1   |

| Semester – IV<br>Course Code | Course Title           | Credi<br>t | CIA   | MSE  | ESE | Max.<br>Mark<br>s |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------|------|-----|-------------------|
|                              | Core course            | es         |       | 112. | 225 | 450               |
| PGMTH4C004                   | Dissertation - Part II | 18         | 112.5 | 5    | 225 | 450               |
| D                            | Total                  | 18         |       |      |     |                   |

Sd/-Registrar

Encl: Syllabus of 1<sup>st</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> Semester

To:

. Head, Department of CS&IT

Copy to:

Controller of Examinations

## **Department of Computer Science and Information Technology**

#### Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)

We focus on the following objectives to realize our vision.

PEO-1: To gain in-depth knowledge of Computer Science and Technology and acquire capabilities to compete at the global level with an ability to discriminate, evaluate, analyze and synthesize existing and new knowledge to conduct research in theoretical, practical, and policy contexts.

PEO-2: Have in-depth knowledge and research skills to professionally practice in a variety of fields including Security, Machine Learning, Internet of Things (IoT), Natural Language Processing, and Ubiquitous Computing.

**PEO-3:** Acquire professional and intellectual integrity and ethics, learn independently and continuously to upgrade the knowledge and competence with enthusiasm.

**Programme Outcomes (POs)** 

A postgraduate of the Computer Science and Technology Program will demonstrate PO-1: An ability to independently carry out research and development work to solve practical problems.

**PO-2:** Ability to write and present a substantial technical report/document.

**PO-3:** A degree of mastery over the area as per the specialization of the program. The mastery should be at a level higher than the requirements in the appropriate bachelor program.

PO-4: An ability to use modern computational tools in modeling, simulation, and analysis with effective participation in multi-disciplinary teams and contribute towards achieving the common goals of the team.

PO-5: An ability to work with integrity and ethics in their professional practice having an understanding of responsibility towards society with sustainable development for a lifetime.

## **SEMESTER-I**

## **Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms**

#### **Course Code: PGMTH1C016T**

Course Title: Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms

Semester: I

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Data Structures are widely used in Computer Science and Engineering for designing simple to complex algorithms. Organizing or structuring data is important for the implementation of efficient algorithms and program development. Efficient problem solving needs the application of appropriate data structure during program development.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Analyze algorithms in terms of time and space complexity by using the concept of Asymptotic Notations.
- Understand the implementation of symbol tables using hashing techniques.
- Develop and analyze algorithms for red-black trees, B-trees and Splay trees.
- Develop algorithms for text processing and other similar applications.
- Identify suitable data structures and develop algorithms for computational geometry problems.

| Contents   | No. of   |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit - I</u>  | 10       |
| Algorithm Analysis: Analyzing Algorithms, Time Complexity Analysis of      |          |
| Iterative and Recursive Program, Introduction to Asymptotic Notations, Big |          |
| (Oh), Big Omega, Big theta.  |          |
| Basic Data Structures: Stacks, Queues, Linked List.                        |          |
| <u>Unit - II</u>   | 10       |
| Hashing: Review of Hashing, Hash Function, Collision Resolution            |          |
| Techniques in Hashing, Separate Chaining, Open Addressing, Linear          |          |
| Probing, Quadratic Probing, Double Hashing, Rehashing, Extendible          |          |
| Hashing.   |          |
| <u>Unit -III</u>   | 10       |
| Trees: Binary Search Trees, AVL Trees, Red Black Trees, 2-3 Trees, B/B+-   |          |
| Trees, Splay Tree.   |          |
| <u>Unit - IV</u>   | 10       |
| Text Processing: String Operations, Brute-Force Pattern Matching, The      |          |
| Boyer Moore Algorithm, The Knuth-Morris-Pratt Algorithm, Standard Tries,   |          |
| Compressed Tries, Suffix Tries, The Huffman Coding Algorithm, The          |          |
| Longest Common Subsequence Problem (LCS), Applying Dynamic                 |          |
| Programming to the LCS Problem.  |          |
| <u>Unit - V</u>  | 10       |
| Computational Geometry: One Dimensional Range Searching, Two               |          |

Dimensional Range Searching, Constructing a Priority Search Tree, Searching a Priority Search Tree, Priority Range Trees, Quadtrees, k-D Trees.

Recent Trends in Hashing, Trees and various computational geometry methods for efficiently solving the new evolving problem.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. R. S Salaria, "Data Structures & Algorithms using C", Fifth Edition 2018.
- 2. S. Sridhar," Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Oxford Publication 2015.

- 1. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, "Data Structures Using C and C++", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education Asia Fourth Edition 2015.
- 2. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2004.
- 3. Seymour Lipschutz, "Theory and problems of Data Structures", Tata McGraw- Hill Third Edition 2007.
- 4. Sartaj Sahni, "Handbook of DATA STRUCTURES and APPLICATIONS", Chapman & Hall/CRC,2005.
- 5. Thomas H. Cormen, "Introduction to Algorithms", PHI, Third Edition 2012.

## **Data Communication and Computer Networks**

#### Course Code: PGMTH1C017T

**Course Title:** Data Communication and Computer Networks

Semester: I

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Data communication and computer networks have been growing with rapid technological progress. Computer communication through networking becomes an essential part of our life. By considering the importance of networking in day-to-day life, it is essential for students to know the concept of networks, the internet, layered structure, and switching. This course deals with the important concepts and techniques related to data communications and enables the student to have an insight into the technology involved to make network communication possible.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Analyze the functioning of data communication and computer networks.
- Select relevant transmission media and switching techniques as per need.
- Analyze transmission errors with respect to IEEE standards.
- Configure various networking devices and different TCP/IP services.
- Work with datagram and internet socket programming.

| Contents   | No of    |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10       |
| Computer Networks and Internet: Internet, Protocol, The Network Edge, The      |          |
| Network Core, Interactive Programs for Tracing Routes in the Internet, Java    |          |
| Applet: Message Switching and Packet Switching, Access Networks and            |          |
| Physical Media, Delay and Loss in Packet-Switched Networks, Protocol Layers    |          |
| and Their Service Models, Internet Backbones, NAPs and ISPs, A Brief           |          |
| History of Computer Networking.  |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>   | 10       |
| Application Layer: Principles of Application-Layer Protocols, The World Wide   |          |
| Web: HTTP, File Transfer: FTP, Electronic Mail in the Internet, The Internet's |          |
| Directory Service: DNS, Interactive Programs for Exploring DNS, Socket         |          |
| Programming with TCP, Socket Programming with UDP, Building a Simple           |          |
| Web Server.  |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>  | 10       |
| Transport Layer: Transport-Layer Services and Principles, Multiplexing and     |          |
| Demultiplexing Applications, Connectionless Transport: UDP, Principles of      |          |
| Reliable of Data Transfer, Java Applet: Flow Control in Action, Connection-    |          |
| Oriented Transport: TCP, Principles of Congestion Control, TCP Congestion      |          |
| Control.   |          |
| <u>Unit-IV</u>   | 10       |

| Network Layer and Routing: Introduction and Network Service Model, Routing<br>Principles, Hierarchical Routing, Internet Protocol, Java Applet: IP,<br>Fragmentation, Routing in the Internet, What is Inside a Router?, IPv6,<br>Multicast Routing.<br>Link Layer and Local Area Network: The Data Link Layer: Introduction,<br>Services, Error Detection and Correction, Multiple Access Protocols and<br>LANs, LAN Addresses and ARP, Ethernet, CSMA/CD Applet, Hubs, Bridges<br>and Switches, Wireless LANs: IEEE 802.11, The Point-to-Point Protocol,<br>ATM, X.25 and Frame Relay.   |    |
|--|----|
| <u>Unit-V</u><br>Multimedia Networking : Multimedia Networking Applications, Streaming<br>Stored Audio and Video, Making the Best of the Best-Effort Service: An<br>Internet Phone Example, RTP, Beyond Best Effort, Scheduling and Policing<br>Mechanisms for Providing QoS Guarantees, Integrated Services, RSVP,<br>Differentiated Services.<br>Security in Computer Networks: Network Security, Principles of Cryptography,<br>Authentication, Integrity, Key Distribution and Certification, Secure E-Mail,<br>Internet Commerce, Network-Layer Security: IPsec.<br>Network Management: Network Management, The Infrastructure for Network<br>Management, The Internet Network Management Framework, ASN.1,<br>Firewalls. | 10 |

- 1. Forouzan, Behrouz A., "Data Communications and Networking", Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 4/e 2006.
- 2. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking", Pearson, 2012.

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "TCP/IP Protocol Suite", McGraw-Hill, 4/e, 2009.
- 2. Larry L. Peterson & Bruce S. Davie, "Computer Network: A System Approach", Morgan Kaufmann, 5/e, 2012.
- 3. Charles M. Kozierok, "The TCP/IP Guide", No Starch Press, 2005.
- 4. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Introduction to Computer Networks McGraw-Hill, 4/e, 2009
- 5. Andrew s. Tanenbaum j. Wetherall, "Computer Networks", 5/e, Pearson, 2011.

### **Cloud Computing and Architectures**

#### Course Code: PGMTH1E029T

Course Title: Cloud Computing and Architectures

Semester: I

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Cloud Computing is a large-scale distributed computing paradigm that has become a driving force for information technology over the past several years. The exponential growth of data size in scientific instrumentation/simulation and social media has triggered the wider use of cloud computing services. This course covers topics and technologies related to Cloud Computing, different architectural models of cloud computing, the concepts of virtualization and cloud orchestration. Advanced cloud programming paradigms such as Hadoop's Map Reduce are also included in the course.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Understand cloud computing models, namely, infrastructure as a service (IaaS), platform as a service (PaaS), and software as a service (SaaS).
- Understand security implications in cloud computing.
- Analyse the operation, implementation and performance of cloud computing systems, and the relative merits and suitability of each for complex data-intensive applications.
- Understand the underlying principle of cloud virtualization and cloud storage.

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>   | 10       |
| Cloud Computing: Introduction, Vision of Cloud Computing, Desired Features      |          |
| and Benefits, Issues and Challenges of Cloud Computing, Building Cloud          |          |
| Computing Environments, Distributed Computing and Enabling Technologies,        |          |
| Parallel Versus Distributed Computing.  |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>  | 10       |
| Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized Environments, Taxonomy of          |          |
| Virtualization Techniques, Need for Virtualization, Pros and Cons of            |          |
| Virtualization Types of Virtualization, Hardware, Storage and Network           |          |
| virtualization, Concept of Hypervisors, Virtual machines provisioning and       |          |
| manageability, VM provisioning process.   |          |
|   |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>   | 10       |
| Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction, Cloud Reference Model,              |          |
| Architecture, Infrastructure as a Service, Platform as a Service, Software as a |          |
| Service, Types of Clouds, Public, Private, Hybrid and Community, Cloud          |          |
| Storage definition, Provisioning cloud storage, Unmanaged Cloud Storage,        |          |
| Managed Cloud Storage.  |          |

| <b>Unit-IV</b><br>Understanding Cloud Security: Confidentiality, Integrity, Authenticity,<br>Availability, Threat, Vulnerability, Risk, Security Controls, Security<br>mechanisms, Security Policies. Threat Agents, Anonymous Attacker, Aalicious<br>Service Agent, Trusted Attacker, Malicious Insider, Cloud Security Threats,<br>Traffic Eavesdropping, Malicious Intermediary, Denial of Service, Insufficient<br>Authorisation, Virtualization Attack. Encryption, Symmetric and Asymmetric. | 10 |
|--|----|
| <u>Unit-V</u><br>Apache Hadoop. Introduction, Framework to Process Big Data, Master/ Slave<br>Architecture, Core components, Map-Reduce Programming Model, Map<br>Reduce Working, Working of Mapper, Working of Reducer, Running Hadoop<br>on Cloud, Design of data applications based on Map Reduce in Apache<br>Hadoop.<br>Cloud Platform in Industry: Amazon web services, Google APP Engine,<br>Microsoft Azure.   | 10 |

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vacchiola, S Thamarai Selvi, "Mastering Cloud computing" McGraw Hill 2013.
- 2. Barrie Sosinsky, "Cloud Computing Bible", Wiley Publishers 2010.

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg, Andrzej Goscinski, "Cloud Computing Principles and Paradigms", Wiley Publishers 2011.
- **2.** Tim Mather, Subra Kumaraswamy, Shahed Latif, "Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance", O'Reilly 2010.
- **3.** Toby Velte, Antohy T Velte, Robert Elsenpete, "Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach", McGraw Hill 2009.
- 4. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack.J.Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing", Elsevier, 2014.
- 5. Zaigham Mahmood and Ricardo Puttini, "Cloud Computing- Concepts, Technology & Architecture", Pearson,2017.

## **Information Security**

#### Course Code: PGMTH1E026T

Course Title: Information Security

Semester: I

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Information security is a set of strategies for managing the processes, tools and policies necessary to prevent, detect, document and counter threats to digital and non-digital information. Information security solutions provide digital protection to confidential information that will ensure protection from potential threats such as Adware and Ransomware. The course aims to make the students acquire knowledge on standard algorithms used to provide confidentiality, integrity and authenticity.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Aquent with basic concepts of information Security and Privacy.
- Define the concepts of Information security and their use.
- Describe the principles of symmetric and asymmetric cryptography.
- Understand and apply the various symmetric key algorithms.
- Understand and use the various key management and remote authentication mechanisms.

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u><br>Information Security Overview: Services, Mechanisms, Attacks and its types,<br>counter-measures, OSI Security Architecture, Model for Network Security,<br>Trade-offs related to Information Security. | 10       |
| Cryptography: Introduction to Cryptography, Symmetric key Cryptography, Asymmetric key Cryptography.  |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u><br>Data Encryption Standard: DES cipher, Block Cipher Principles, The Strength<br>of DES, Differential and Linear Cryptanalysis, Block Cipher Design Principles,<br>Block Cipher Modes of Operation.     | 10       |
| Advanced Encryption Standard: Evaluation Criteria for AES, The AES Cipher, Triple DES, RC5  |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>   | 10       |
| Key Management: Key Management, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange   |          |
| Message Authentication and Hash Functions: Authentication Requirements,   |          |

| Authentication Functions, Message Authentication Codes, Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and MACs.   |    |
|--|----|
| Hash Algorithms: MD5 Message Digest Algorithm, Secure Hash Algorithm and HMAC, Digital Signatures  |    |
| <u>Unit-IV</u><br>Network Security Practice: Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509<br>Authentication Service, Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy,<br>S/MIME.   | 10 |
| IP Security: IP Security Overview, IP Security Architecture, Authentication<br>Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations,<br>Key Management, Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Sockets<br>Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction. |    |
| <u>Unit-V</u><br>System Security: Intruders, Intrusion Detection and Prevention System,<br>Password Management, Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats,<br>Virus Countermeasures, Firewalls: Firewall Design Principles, Trusted<br>Systems.  | 10 |

- 1. William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials", Pearson, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011
- 2. Forouzan, Behrouz A., "Data Communications and Networking", Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 4/e 2006

- 1. Kaufman, Perlman, and Speciner, "Network Security", Prentice-Hall, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 2001
- 2. Michael E. Whitman, "Principles of information Security", Cengage Learning, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011
- 3. Chwan-Hwa (John) Wu, J. David Irwin, "Introduction to Computer Networks and Cyber Security", CRC Press, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2014
- 4. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice", Pearson Education, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017

### **Secure Industrial Control Systems**

#### **Course Code: PGMTH1E028T**

Course Title: Secure Industrial Control Systems

Semester: I

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Our world is growing more and more dependent upon technology and systems that monitor and control industrial processes. The electric power grid, water and sewage systems, oil and natural gas pipelines, and many more critical infrastructures utilize Industrial Control Systems/Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (ICS/SCADA) systems. ICS/SCADA is used to monitor and control these infrastructure processes. This course will provide a strong foundation in the field of ICS/SCADA Cyber Security.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Understand fundamentals of ICS protocols.
- Know the basic working knowledge of SCADA & DCS.
- Analyze SCADA & DCS Security Management Implementation and Guidelines.
- Access the risk and cybersecurity concerns of ICS/SCADA.
- Understand the SCADA networks and their role in Automation.

| Contents  | No. of   |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit - I</u>   | 10       |
| Introduction: Definition of SCADA, Features of SCADA, Fundamental           |          |
| Principles of Modern SCADA Systems, Applications of SCADA, Advantages       |          |
| and Disadvantages of SCADA, Future of SCADA and Control Systems             |          |
| Security.   |          |
| Related Fields: Industrial Control System (ICS), Distributed Control System |          |
| (DCS), Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) and Smart Instrumentation,       |          |
| SCADA vs DCS, SCADA vs IoT.   |          |
| <u>Unit - II</u>  | 10       |
| SCADA System Components: Programmable Logic Controller (PLC),               |          |
| Remote Terminal Unit (RTU), Intelligent Electronic Device (IED),            |          |
| Communication Network and Communication Protocols(MODBUS,                   |          |
| DNP3, and IEC 60870-5-101), Master Terminal Unit (MTU) or Master            |          |
| Station Unit (MSU), and SCADA/HMI Systems.                                  |          |
| SCADA Architectures: Hardware Architecture (Client Layer, Data Server       |          |
| Layer), Software Architecture, First Generation-Monolithic, Second          |          |
| Generation-Distributed, Third Generation-Networked, and Fourth              |          |
| Generation-Web Based Architecture.  |          |
| Unit -III   | 10       |
| Security in SCADA: SCADA Security breach in terms of Confidentiality,       |          |
| Integrity, and Availability, and Non-Repudiation, Comparing ICS and IT      |          |

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- 1. T. Macaulay and B. L. Singer, "Cyber security for Industrial Control Systems: SCADA, DCS, PLC, HMI, and SIS", Auerbach Publications, 2011.
- J. Lopez, R. Setola, and S. Wolthusen, "Critical Infrastructure Protection Information Infrastructure Models, Analysis, and Defense", Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2012.

- 1. Stuart A. Boyer: "SCADA-Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition", Instrument Society of America Publications, USA, 2004.
- 2. Gordon Clarke, Deon Reynders: "Practical Modern SCADA Protocols: DNP3, 60870.5 and Related Systems", Newness Publications, Oxford, UK,2004.
- 3. William T. Shaw, "Cyber Security for SCADA Systems", Penn Well Books, 2006.
- 4. David Bailey, Edwin Wright, "Practical SCADA for industry", Newness, 2003.
- 5. Wiebe, "A guide to utility automation: AMR, SCADA, and IT systems for electric power", PennWell Books, 1999.

## **Modeling Simulation and Optimization**

#### Course Code: PGMTH1E027T

Course Title: Modeling Simulation and Optimization

#### Semester: I

#### Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Simulation modeling and optimization solve real-world problems safely and efficiently. It provides an important method of analysis that is easily verified, communicated, and understood. Across industries and disciplines, simulation modeling provides valuable solutions by giving clear insights into complex systems.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Understand the basic concepts of modeling and simulation.
- Know GPSS model and understand different statistical tests for measuring quality of generators.
- Understand the concept of random numbers and the method to generate random numbers.
- Understand random processes and different queuing models.

| Contents   | No of    |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  |          |
| Introduction: Systems, models, deterministic and stochastic systems, static and    |          |
| dynamic systems, discrete event simulation, continuous simulation, Monte           | 10       |
| Carlo simulation. Discrete Event Simulation: Time-advance mechanisms, event        | 10       |
| modeling of discrete dynamic systems, event graphs, process oriented and           |          |
| event oriented approaches, single-server single queue model.                       |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>   |          |
| GPSS: Program model, entities and transactions, blocks in GPSS, user defined       |          |
| functions, SNA, logic switches, save locations, user chains, tabulation of result, | 10       |
| programming examples. Random Number Generation: Congruence generators,             | 10       |
| long period generators, statistical quality measures of generators, uniformity     |          |
| and independence testing, chi-square and other hypotheses testing, runs testing.   |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>  |          |
| Random Variable Generation: random variable, probability density and               |          |
| distribution functions, Location, scale and shape parameters, discrete and         |          |
| continuous probability distributions; Inverse transform method, composition        | 10       |
| and acceptance-rejection methods, efficiency and quality measures of               |          |
| generators; Input Modelling, selection of distribution for a random source,        |          |
| fitting distributions to data, constructing empirical distributions from data.     |          |

| <u>Unit-IV</u><br>Random Processes and Queuing Models: random process, discrete/continuous<br>time processes, Markovian property, Markov chain, state transition diagrams,<br>birth-death process, Little's theorem, steady state analysis of M/M/1 model;<br>multi-server models, M/G/1 and other queuing models, Burke's theorem,<br>network of queues, Jackson theorem. | 10 |
|--|----|
| <u>Unit-V</u><br>Network Simulation: SimEvent tool box in R/Python/Octave, general features<br>of network simulation packages, case study of OMNET++/ns2/ns3/NetSim.   | 10 |

- 1. Network Simulation: SimEvent tool box in R/Python/Octave, general features of network simulation packages, case study of OMNET++/ns2/ns3/NetSim.
- 2. Banks, J., Carson, L.S., Nelson, B.L. and Nicol, D.M., "Discrete Event System Simulation", 4th Ed., Pearson Education

- 1. Law, A.M. and Kelton, W.D., "Simulation, Modeling and Analysis", 3rd Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Alberto Leon-Garcia, "Probability and Random Processes for Electrical Engineers", 2nd Ed., Pearson Education
- 3. Jerry Banks, John S Carson, II, Berry L Nelson, David M Nicol -Discrete Event system Simulation, III Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, ISBN 81- 7808 505
- 4. Narsingh Deo -Systems Simulation with Digital Computer; PHI Publication (EEE), ISBN 87692-028-8

## **Soft Computing**

#### **Course Code: PGMTH1E030T**

**Course Title:** Soft Computing

Semester: I

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Soft computing provides an approach to problem-solving using means other than computers. With the human mind as a role model, soft computing is tolerant of partial truths, uncertainty, imprecision and approximation, unlike traditional computing models. The tolerance of soft computing allows researchers to approach some problems that traditional computing can't process.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Identify and describe soft computing techniques and their roles in building intelligent machines.
- Apply genetic algorithms to combinatorial optimization problems.
- Evaluate and compare solutions by various soft computing approaches for a given problem.
- Apply fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty and solve various engineering problems.

| Contents  | No of<br>Lectures |
|---|-------------------|
| <u>Unit-I</u><br>Soft Computing: Introduction, soft computing vs. hard computing, various<br>types of soft computing techniques, Applications of soft computing techniques,<br>Introduction, Structure and function of a neuron, Biological neuron, artificial<br>neuron, definition of ANN, Taxonomy of neural networks, Difference between<br>ANN and human brain, Characteristics and applications of ANN. | 10                |
| <u>Unit-II</u><br>Learning rules, Thresholds and activation functions, Single layer network,<br>Perceptron and its training algorithm, Linear Separability, XOR problem,<br>ADALINE, MADALINE, Introduction to multilayer layer Perceptron, Back<br>propagation neural(BPN) networks.   | 10                |
| <u>Unit-III</u><br>Counter propagation network, Hopfield/Recurrent network, Associative<br>memory, Hopfield v/s Boltzman machine, competitive learning, Kohonen's self<br>organizing networks, Adaptive Resonance Theory(ART).  | 10                |
| <u>Unit-IV</u><br>Introduction to Fuzzy Logic: Classical and Fuzzy Sets: Overview of Classical<br>Sets, Membership Function, Fuzzy rule generation. Operations on Fuzzy Sets,   | 10                |

| Compliment, Intersections, Unions, Combinations of Operations, Aggregation<br>Operations.<br>Fuzzy Arithmetic: Fuzzy Numbers, Linguistic Variables, Arithmetic Operations<br>on Intervals & Numbers, Lattice of Fuzzy Numbers, Fuzzy Equations.<br>Fuzzy Logic: FIS, Fuzzification and de-Fuzzification.   |    |
|--|----|
| <u>Unit-V</u><br>Genetic algorithms(GA): Basic concepts, Conventional Vs. GA, Simple, GA<br>working, encoding, fitness function, reproduction, Selection, crossover,<br>mutation, schema analysis, analysis of selection algorithms, convergence,<br>Reproduction, Crossover, and mutation, Mapping objective functions to fitness<br>form, Fitness scaling.<br>Meta-heuristic search: Overview of ACO, PCO. | 10 |

- 1. S, Rajasekaran & G.A. Vijayalakshmi Pai, Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic & Genetic Algorithms, Synthesis & applications, PHI Publication.
- 2. S.N. Sivanandam & S.N. Deepa, Principles of Soft Computing, Wiley Publications.

- 1. Rich E and Knight K, Artificial Intelligence, TMH, New Delhi.
- 2. Bose, Neural Network fundamental with Graph, Algo.& Appl, TMH.
- 3. Kosko: Neural Network & Fuzzy System, PHI Publication.
- 4. Klir & Yuan, Fuzzy sets & Fuzzy Logic: Theory & Appli., PHI Pub.
- 5. Davis E.Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithms: Search, Optimization and Machine Learning", Addison Wesley, N.Y 2010.

## **Mobile Applications Development**

#### **Course Code: PGMTH1E031T**

Course Title: Mobile Applications Development

Semester: I

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Mobile application development is one of the rising and growing trends in the industry of mobile. One of the key advantages of Android app development is the easy availability of the Android SDK. Students will learn emerging technologies and tools used to design and implement feature-rich mobile applications for smartphones and tablets.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Identify, define and sketch a mobile application.
- Understand the fundamentals, frameworks, and development life-cycle of mobile application platforms including iOS, Android.
- Design and develop a mobile application prototype in one of the platform.
- Understand the steps to upload mobile apps on Android Play Store.

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>   | 10       |
| Introduction to Mobile Computing, Introduction to Android Development         |          |
| Environment, Factors in Developing Mobile Applications, Mobile Software       |          |
| Engineering, Frameworks and Tools, Generic UI Development Android User.       |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>  | 10       |
| More on Uis: VUIs and Mobile Apps, Text-to-Speech Techniques, Designing       |          |
| the Right UI, Multichannel and Multi-modal Uis, Storing and Retrieving Data,  |          |
| Synchronization and Replication of Mobile Data, Getting the Model Right,      |          |
| Android Storing and Retrieving Data, Working with a Content Provider.         |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>   | 10       |
| Communications via Network and the Web: State Machine, Correct                |          |
| Communications Model, Android Networking and Web, Telephony Deciding          |          |
| Scope of an App, Wireless Connectivity and Mobile Apps, Android Telephony     |          |
| Notifications and Alarms: Performance, Performance and Memory                 |          |
| management, Android Notifications and Alarms, Graphics, Performance and       |          |
| Multi-threading, Graphics and UI Performance, Android Graphics.               |          |
| <u>Unit-IV</u>  | 10       |
| Putting It All Together: Packaging and Deploying, Performance Best Practices, |          |
| Android Field Service App, Location Mobility and Location Based Services      |          |
| Android Multimedia: Mobile Agents and Peer-to-Peer Architecture, Android      |          |
| Multimedia.   |          |
| <u>Unit-V</u>   | 10       |
| Platforms and Additional Issues: Development Process, Architecture, Design,   |          |

Technology Selection, Mobile App Development Hurdles, Testing, Security and Hacking, Active Transactions, More on Security, Hacking Android.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Wei-Meng Lee, Beginning Android<sup>™</sup> 4 Application Development, by John Wiley & Sons, 2012.
- 2. The iOS 5 Developer's Cookbook, Erica Sadun, Addison-Wesley, 2012.

- 1. Android in Practice Charlie Collins, Michale Galpin, Matthias Kaeppler Manning Publications 2012.
- 2. Mobile Computing 2nd edition Devi Kamal Oxford University Press 2012.
- 3. iOS 9 Application Development in 24 Hours, Sams Teach Yourself, 7th Edition by John Ray.
- 4. Android Application Development Cookbook- Second Edition by Rick Boyer and Kyle Mew.

## **Digital Image Processing**

#### Course Code: PGMTH1E032T

Course Title: Digital Image Processing

Semester: I

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

The significance of digital image processing is threefold; to enhance the appearance of a digital image to a human observer by applying specific operations, to extract from image quantitative and summarized information that is not readily apparent to the human eyes, and to standardize an image in photometric or geometric terms.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Analyze general terminology of digital image processing.
- Examine various types of images, intensity transformations and spatial filtering.
- Develop Fourier transform for image processing in frequency domain.
- Evaluate the methodologies for image segmentation, restoration etc.
- Implement image process and analysis algorithms.

| Contents   | No. of   |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit - I</u>  | 10       |
| Overview of Digital Image Processing, Origin, usage and applications of Image    |          |
| processing, Fundamental steps and component of image processing system,          |          |
| Introduction to Human Visual System, Sampling, quantisation and convolution,     |          |
| interpolation, Digital representation of images (monochrome & Color), Elements   |          |
| of matrix theory, Digital Imaging Hardware & Software. Simple image              |          |
| operations: Arithmetic, logical and geometrical operations.                      |          |
| <u>Unit - II</u>   | 10       |
| Image quality factors, Basic image pre-processing (contrast enhancement, simple  |          |
| noise reduction, colour balancing), spatial transformation Gray Level linear and |          |
| non-linear transformation, Histogram Processing, Fourier transform, Hadamard     |          |
| and Walsh transformation. Image enhancement in spatial and frequency domain:     |          |
| Basics, smoothing and sharpening domain filters.                                 |          |
| Unit -III  | 10       |
| Image Restoration & Reconstruction: Introduction, Model of Image degradation,    |          |
| Noise Models, Classification of image restoration techniques, Blind-             |          |
| deconvolution techniques, Lucy Richardson Filtering, Wiener Filtering.           |          |
| Unit - IV  | 10       |
| Image Segmentation & Analysis, Implementation Feature extraction: Edges,         |          |
| Lines & corners detection, Texture & shape measures. Segmentation &              |          |
| thresholding, region extraction, edge (Canny) & region based approach, use of    |          |
| motion in segmentation. overview of various features extraction.                 |          |

| <u>Unit - V</u>   | 10 |
|---|----|
| Image Compression & Object Recognition: Introduction to Image Compression     |    |
| and its need, Coding Redundancy, Classification of Compression techniques     |    |
| (Lossy and Lossless - JPEG, RLE, Huffman, Shannon fano), Scalar & Vector      |    |
| Quantization, Introduction to Object Recognition, Object Representation       |    |
| (Signatures, Boundary Skeleton), Overview of Multi-spectral image processing. |    |
| Introduction to video image processing.                                       |    |

#### **Text books**

- 1. Digital Image Processing using MATLAB, R.C. Gonzalez, R.R. Woods (Person), 2nd Edition.
- 2. S. Sridhar: Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press publication, 7<sup>th</sup> impression 2016.

- 1. Anil Jain, "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing", Anil Jain PHI, ISBN-81-203-0929-4.
- 2. W.K.Pratt.-Digital Image Processing ,3/e Edn., John Wiley & sons, Inc. 2006.
- 3. M. Sonka et.al Image Processing, Analysis and Machine Vision, 2/e, Thomson, Learning, India Edition, 2007.
- 4. Digital Image Processing using MATLAB, R.C. Gonzalez, R.R. Woods(Person), 2nd Edition
- 5. Introduction to Digital Image Processing with MATLAB, Alasdair McAndrew, Cenage Learning.

## **Scientific Computing**

#### **Course Code: PGMTH1E033T**

Course Title: Scientific Computing

Semester: I

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Computation becomes crucially important in situations like the problem at hand cannot be solved by customary experimental or theoretical means e.g. attempt to predict climate change. The traditional programming languages are not able to deal with complex problems that involve specialised computations on specific formats of data. The modern programming languages such as Python or matrix laboratory are significant to code a complicated algorithm in an efficient manner.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Write scientific programs to implement advanced algorithms.
- Build the GUI applications using MATLAB.
- write a scientific paper in well-structured formats of standard Journals.
- Students will be able to use scientific tools to simulate their algorithms/ techniques.
- Plot scientific graphs and draw effective diagrams using typical tools.

| Contents   | No. of  |
|--|---------|
|  | Lecture |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10      |
| Introduction to Python: Basic Characteristics of Python, Data Types, Variables,          |         |
| Operators and Branching, Writing Python Code using Jupyter notebook or spider, Core      |         |
| elements of programs: Bindings, Strings, Input/Output, IDEs, Control Flow, Iteration,    |         |
| Guess and Check, Simple Programs Functions: Decomposition and Abstraction,               |         |
| Functions and Scope, Keyword Arguments, Specifications, Iteration vs Recursion,          |         |
| Inductive Reasoning, Files.  |         |
| <u>Unit-II</u>   | 10      |
| Tuples and Lists in Python: Tuples, Lists, List Operations, Mutation, Aliasing, Cloning, |         |
| Dictionaries, Functions as Objects, Dictionaries, Example with a Dictionary, Global      |         |
| Variables, Debugging, Programming Challenges, Regular expressions, Debugging             |         |
| Examples, Assertions and Exceptions, Assertions, Exceptions, Exception Examples.         |         |
| <u>Unit-III</u>  | 10      |
| Data Handling using Python: Overview of Numpy and Pandas libraries, Numeric and          |         |
| Date Functions, Misusing Statistics, Garbage in Garbage Out, Pyplot library, Data        |         |
| Enhancement, Visualization of Data, Visualizing Results, Overview of OpenCv library,     |         |
| Working with image and video data.   |         |
| <u>Unit-IV</u>   | 10      |
| Overview of MATLAB: Basics, Variables, Matrix operations, Built-in functions,            |         |
| Controlling work flow, Basic input/output, Scripts and functions, Reading and writing    |         |
| data, Fitting a model to data, Recursive functions, random numbers and simulations,      |         |
| Solving differential equations, Plotting in 2D and 3D, Creating simple GUI in            |         |

| MATLAB.  |    |
|--|----|
| <u>Unit-V</u>  | 10 |
| Scientific Tools: Scientific paper writing with Latex tool, Graph plotting tools using |    |
| Origin, Smart Draw, Overview of Simulation tools, Network Simulator NS2, Fuzzy         |    |
| tool, NN tool, GA tool, Cloud-Sim. Robotics Systems tool, TensorFlow.                  |    |

#### **Text books**

- 1. Kenneth A Lambert, "Fundamentals of Python first Programmes", Copyrighted material Course Technology Inc. 1 st edition, 2009.
- 2. William J. Palm III, "Introduction to MATLAB® for Engineers", 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill: New York, NY, 2010.

- 1. Python Programming using problem solving Approach by Reema Thareja, Oxford University, Higher Education Oxford University Press; First edition (10 June 2017), ISBN-10: 0199480173.
- 2. Holly Moore, MATLAB® for Engineers, 3rd Edition, 2012, Pearson, New York.
- 3. Data Structures and Algorithms in Python by Michael T Goodrich and Robertto Thamassia, Michael S Goldwasser, Wiley Publisher (2016).
- 4. Amos Gilet, MATLAB An Introduction with Applications, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2016
- 5. Musto Joseph, Engineering Computation: an Introduction Using Matlab and Excel An Introduction Using MATLAB and Excel, 2017.

M. Tech. Computer Science and Technology, 2020-21

## **SEMESTER-II**

### **Advanced Database Management Systems**

#### **Course Code: PGMTH2C011T**

Course Title: Advanced Database Management Systems

Semester: II

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Advanced database management systems (DBMS) has always been at the core of efficient database and information systems. It treats a wealth of different data models and surveys the foundations of structuring, processing, storing and querying data according to these models. The database management system is the basic software that interacts with a database and the user. DBMS helps to create, update, and eliminate DB objects. This course provides a detailed insight into implementation, efficient retrieval, and modification aspects of relational database systems.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Execute various advance SQL queries related to Transaction Processing & Locking using concept of Concurrency control.
- Demonstrate use of Database Object.
- Understand Functional Dependency and Functional Decomposition.
- Apply various Normalization techniques for database design.

| Contents   | No of    |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10       |
| RDBMS: An overview of the database management system, database system            |          |
| Vs file system, Database system concepts and architecture, data models schema    |          |
| and instances, ER Model, Database models, Representation and Evaluation of       |          |
| Relationship Review of Relational Database Design, Storage, Access               |          |
| Structures.  |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>   | 10       |
| RDBMS Design: Functional Dependency, Anomalies in a Database, The                |          |
| normalization process, Conversion to first normal form, Conversion to second     |          |
| normal form, Conversion to third normal form, The boyce-code normal              |          |
| form(BCNF), Fourth Normal form and fifth normal form, normalization and          |          |
| database design, De-normalization, Review of SQL99, Basics of query              |          |
| processing, external sorting, file scans.  |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>  | 10       |
| Query Optimization: Algorithm for Executing Query Operations, External           |          |
| sorting, Select operation, Join operation, PROJECT and set operation,            |          |
| Aggregate operations, Outer join, Heuristics in Query Optimization, Semantic     |          |
| Query Optimization, Converting Query Tree to Query Evaluation Plan,              |          |
| multiquery optimization and application, Efficient and extensible algorithms for |          |

| multi-query optimization, execution strategies for SQL sub queries, Query Processing for SQL Updates.  |    |
|--|----|
| Unit-IV  | 10 |
| Transaction Processing: Introduction of transaction processing, advantages and   |    |
| disadvantages of transaction processing system, online transaction processing<br>system, serializability and recoverability, view serializability, resolving |    |
| deadlock, distributed locking. Transaction management in multi-database  |    |
| system, long duration transaction, high-performance transaction system.  |    |
| Concurrency: Enforcing, Serializability by Locks, Locking Systems With   |    |
| Several, Lock Modes, Architecture for a Locking Scheduler Managing   |    |
| Hierarchies of Database Elements, Concurrency Control by Timestamps,<br>Concurrency Control by Validation, Database recovery management.                     |    |
| Unit-V   | 10 |
|  | 10 |
| Advanced Topics in Database: Object Relational and Extended Relational   |    |
| Databases, Active database: starburst, oracle, DB2, chimera, Applications of   |    |
| active database, design principles for active rules, Temporal database, special,   |    |
| text and multimedia database. Video database management, storage   |    |
| management for video, video preprocessing for content representation and   |    |
| indexing, image and semantic-based query processing, real time buffer  |    |
| management.  |    |

- 1. Korth, Silbertz, Sudarshan, "Database Concepts", McGraw Hill, 7/e, 2020.
- 2. Elmasri, Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Addision Wesley, 7/e, 2015

- 1. Date C J, "An Introduction To Database System", Addision Wesley, 2010
- 2. Bipin C. Desai, "An introduction to Database Systems", Galgotia Publication, 2010
- 3. Rob and Coronel, "Database Systems 5<sup>th</sup> Edition", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2018
- 4. Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kauffmann Publishers, 3/e, 2011.
- 5. R. Ramakrishnan, J. Gehrke, Database Management Systems, McGraw Hill, 2004

## **Advanced Software Design, Development & Testing**

#### **Course Code: PGMTH2C012T**

Course Title: Advanced Software Design, Development and Testing

Semester: II

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

This will acquaint students with a systematic and organized approach for developing the software. Also, it provides a scope to students where they can solve small, real-life problems. The student will learn an individual as well as teamwork approach for project development and understand various software quality assurance as well as testing approaches

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Design, analyze, implement, test and deliver real-world software systems.
- Design software engineering processes appropriate to a specific problem or set of non-functional requirements.
- Understand and apply cutting edge computing technology to the solution of complex problems in software engineering.
- Work with external stakeholders to develop quality requirements specifications.
- Effectively manage large teams utilizing a variety of software engineering processes.

| Contents   | No of    |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10       |
| Process and product quality, Process classification, Process measurement,      |          |
| Process analysis and modelling and Process change. The CMMI process            |          |
| improvement framework, Configuration management planning, Change               |          |
| management, Version and release management, System building and CASE           |          |
| tools for configuration management.  |          |
| Unit-II  | 10       |
| Metrics in the Process and Project Domains, Software Measurement, Metrics      | 10       |
| for software quality, Integrating metrics within the software process, Metrics |          |
| for small organizations and Establishing a software metrics program.           |          |
|  |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>  | 10       |
| The reuse landscape, Design patterns, Generator-based reuse, Application       |          |
| frameworks and Application system reuse. Components and component              |          |
| models, Component Based Software Engineering (CBSE) process and                |          |
| Component composition.   |          |
| User interface design issues, The UI design process, User analysis, User       |          |
| interface prototyping and Interface evaluation. Software maintenance, Business |          |
| process reengineering, Software reengineering, Reverse engineering,            |          |
| Restructuring, Forward engineering and The economics of reengineering.         |          |

| <u>Unit-IV</u><br>Services as reusable components, Service engineering, Software development<br>with services, Aspect-Oriented Software Development. The separation of<br>concerns, Aspects, join points and point-cuts and Software engineering with<br>aspects.  | 10 |
|--|----|
| <u>Unit-V</u><br>The Cleanroom Strategy, Functional specification, Cleanroom design,<br>Cleanroom testing; Formal methods and concepts, Applying mathematical<br>notation for formal specification, Formal specification languages and Various<br>types of advanced testing strategies: Regression Testing Random testing, Web<br>Based Testing etc. | 10 |

- 1. Roger S.Pressman, "Software engineering- A practitioner's Approach", McGraw-Hill International, 2011.
- 2. Ian Sommerville, "Software engineering", Pearson education Asia, 2010.

- 1. Pankaj Jalote, "Software Engineering", A Precise Approach Wiley, 2011.
- 2. Ali Behhforoz & Frederick Hudson, "Software Engineering Fundamentals", Oxford Press, 2011.
- 3. Robert Martin, "Agile Software Development, Principles, Patterns, and Practices", Pearson; 1/e, 2002.
- 4. Martin Fowler, "Patterns of Enterprise Application Architecture by, Addison-Wesley; 1/e, 2002.

## **Network and Cyber Security**

#### Course Code: PGMTH2E031T

Course Title: Network and Cyber Security

Semester: II

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Cyber security is the practice of defending an organization's networks, computers and data from unauthorized digital access, attack or damage by implementing various processes, technologies and practices. A good network security system helps to reduce the risk of falling victim of data theft and sabotage. Network security is significant in protecting your workstations from harmful spyware. Huge traffic can cause stability problems and may lead to vulnerabilities in the system.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Understand the various cyber threats and vulnerabilities.
- Classify the different cyber crimes and preventive measures.
- Analyse tools for cybersecurity.
- Work on various tools for cyber-attacks and defense.
- Develop skills as an ethical hacker.

| Contents   | No of    |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10       |
| Introduction: Information Security, Threats, Vulnerabilities, Cryptographic and                  |          |
| non-cryptographic attacks.   |          |
| Types of Malware: Virus, Worms, Trojans, Rootkits, Robots, Adware's,                             |          |
| Spywares, Ransom wares, Zombies etc., Malware analysis, Malware                                  |          |
| obfuscation and mutations, zero day vulnerabilities.   |          |
|  |          |
| Unit-II  | 10       |
| Cybercrimes: Introduction, classification of cybercrimes, types of                               |          |
| cybercriminals,3P's in cybercrime-phishing, pharming and phoraging,                              |          |
| cyberstalking; internet bots, botnet attacks and defence, network                                |          |
| reconnaissance, attack vectors ,advanced persistent threat(APT).                                 |          |
| Unit-III   | 10       |
| Tools and Techniques: Introduction, Proxy servers, Anonymizers, Keyloggers,                      | 10       |
| Steganography, DOS/DDOS attacks, SQL Injections, Buffer overflow, Web                            |          |
| based attacks-Web service protection, Website Hardening, Website                                 |          |
|  |          |
| exploitation, HTTP response splitting attacks.   |          |
| Unit IV  | 10       |
| <u>Unit-IV</u><br>Cyber Threats and defenses Firewalls and its types. Intrusion Detection System | 10       |
| Cyber Threats and defense: Firewalls and its types, Intrusion Detection System                   |          |
| (IDS), Intrusion Prevention System (IPS), Virtual Private Networks (VPN) and                     |          |

| Access Control, Domain Name system protection-Cache poisoning attack,       |    |
|---|----|
| Honeypots and its working, analysing honeypot data.                         |    |
| <u>Unit-V</u>   | 10 |
| Ethical Hacking: Hacking and its types, ethical hacking process, Doxing,    |    |
| Website/ IP information Gathering, Network Mapping, Google Hacking,         |    |
| Discovering IP Range and Open Port, Identifying Target Operating System and |    |
| Services, Introduction to open source tools e.g. nmap/zenmap/Wireshark etc. |    |

- 1. Nina Godbole, Sunit Belapure, "Cyber Security", Wiley India, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2015.
- 2. Chwan-Hwa (John) Wu, J. David Irwin, "Introduction to Computer Networks and Cyber Security", CRC Press, 1/e, 2014.

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Cryptography and Network Security", McGrawHill, 3/e, 2017.
- 2. William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials", Pearson, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011.
- 3. Yuri Diogenes, Erdal Ozkaya, "Cyber Security-Attack and Defense Strategies", 1/e, Packt Publishing, 2018.

## **Big Data Analytics**

#### Course Code: PGMTH2E032T

**Course Title:** Big Data Analytics

Semester: II

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

The rapid rise of the internet and digital transactions led to an exponential growth in demand for data storage and analytics. Big Data analytics is a data analysis methodology enabled by recent advances in technologies supports high-velocity data capture, storage and analysis. Besides many benefits, the Big Data also has raised few security and privacy concerns. This course introduces the students to the basic concepts of Big Data concerning their storage and analysis.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Identify Big Data and its Business Implications.
- Understand the benefits that Big Data can offer to organizations.
- Handle the large datasets using Big Data Storage platforms like Hadoop and NoSQL.
- Analyze the different types of datasets using R programming language.
- Apply Machine Learning Techniques using R.

| Contents   | No of    |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10       |
| Big Data: Introduction, Need of Big Data, Classification of Data, Characteristic |          |
| Features, Big Data Types, Big Data Handling Techniques, Classification           |          |
| Methods for data and Big Data, Designing Data Architecture Design, Managing      |          |
| Data for Analysis, Data Sources, Data Quality, Data Preprocessing, Big Data vs   |          |
| Traditional Data, Big Data Applications, Different Big Data platforms, Phases    |          |
| in Big Data Analytics.   |          |
|  |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>   | 10       |
| Introduction to NoSQL, NoSQL Data Store, Big Data NoSQL, Features in No-         |          |
| SQL Transactions, Big Data No SQL Solutions, Significance of NoSQL, CAP          |          |
| theorem, NoSQL Data Architecture Patterns, Graph Databases, Variations of        |          |
| NOSQL Architectural Patterns, Using NoSQL to mange Big Data, Types of            |          |
| Big Data Problems, Comparison of NoSQL with other Databases, Shared              |          |
| Nothing Architecture for Big Data Tasks, Mongo DB Database, Features of          |          |
| Mongo DB, CASSANDRA Databases.   |          |
| Unit-III   | 10       |
| Introduction to Hadoop, Hadoop Core Components, Features of Hadoop,              |          |
| Hadoop Ecosystem Components, Hadoop Streaming, Hadoop Pipes, Design of           |          |
| Hadoop Distributed File System, HDFS Concepts, HDFS Commands, Hadoop             |          |
| Yarn, Hadoop 2 Execution Model, Map reduce Framework, Mapreduce                  |          |

| Programming Model, Hadoop Ecosystem, Ambari, HBase, Hive, Pig, Mahout.  |    |
|---|----|
| <u>Unit-IV</u><br>Statistical Methods: Regression Analysis, Simple Linear Regression, Multiple<br>Regressions, Regression Modelling, K-Nearest Neighbour Regression Analysis,<br>Frequent Item sets and Association Rule Mining, Apriori Algorithm,<br>Classification Concepts, Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning, K-<br>Nearest Neighbour Classifier, Decision Tree Algorithm, Naive Bayes<br>Classifier, Support Vector Machine Classifier, Adaboost and other Ensemble<br>Classifiers.<br>Clustering: Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, K- means clustering, k-medoids,<br>Hierarchical Clustering, Recommendation System, Models for<br>Recommendation Systems. | 10 |
| <u>Unit-V</u><br>Introduction to R language, Advantages of R over other programming<br>languages, Basic R programming commands, Data type in R, Loading and<br>Handling Data in R, Expressions, Variables, Functions, Logical Values,<br>Manipulating Text in Data using R, Different R functions for Understanding<br>Data in Data Frames, Simple Analysis using R, Different Methods for Reading<br>Data, Exploring Dataset in R, Missing Value Treatment in R.<br>Predictive Analytics using R: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression analysis<br>using case studies.   | 10 |

- 1. Raj Kamal and Preeti Saxena, "Big Data Analytics: Introduction to Hadoop, Spark and Machine Learning", Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private Limited 2019.
- 2. Seema Acharya," Data Analytics Using R", Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private Limited 2018.

- 1. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and AmbigaDhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business 2013.
- 2. P. J. Sadalage and M. Fowler, "NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, 2012.
- 3. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", Third Edition, O'Reilley, 2012.
- 4. Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilley, 2012.
- 5. E. Capriolo, D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, "Programming Hive", O'Reilley, 2012.

# **Computing Systems for Robotics**

### **Course Code: PGMTH2E033T**

Course Title: Computing Systems for Robotics

Semester: II

Credits: 04

## **Course Objective**

Robotics as an application draws from many different fields and allows automation of products as diverse as cars, vacuum cleaners, and factories. The mathematical basis of each area is emphasized, and concepts are motivated using common robotics operating systems and programming exercises. The main objective of this course is to understand ROS publisher-subscriber strategy, working of Simulated Robots, and to implement Robot navigation algorithms.

# **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Create their publisher and subscriber in ROS.
- Communicate messages among the ROS nodes.
- Send and receive messages to the simulated robots.
- Navigate Robot using ROS.

| Contents   | No of    |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10       |
| Introduction to ROS, publisher-subscribers in ROS, creating user node in ROS.    |          |
| Communication between on ROS nodes through messages. Select and                  |          |
| implement the appropriate ROS components for a robotics problem.                 |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>   | 10       |
| Working with turtlesim and turtlebot-gazebo simulators. Building a user          |          |
| defined world in Gazebo. Translation, rotation, scaling of models. Saving and    |          |
| loading of a world. Communicating with the simulators.                           |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>  | 10       |
| Visualize the simulated robot in rviz. Visualizing Sensor Data with rviz.        |          |
| Creating map of the environment in Gazebo. Saving and Loading of the map.        |          |
| <u>Unit-IV</u>   | 10       |
| Apply algorithms for robotic perception, planning, navigation, localization, and |          |
| manipulation. Implement and use algorithms for controlling mobile robots.        |          |
| <u>Unit-V</u>  | 10       |
| Program and navigate mobile robots: robot and map representations, motion        |          |
| planning.  |          |

## **Course Outlines**

# **Text Books**

- 1. Jason M. O'Kane, "A Gentle Introduction to ROS, independently published", Updated on 2016.
- 2. Programming Robots with ROS: A Practical Introduction to the Robot Operating System. **Reference Books**
- 1. Carol Fairchild, Dr. Thomas L. Harman, ROS Robotics By Example, Second Edition: Learning to control wheeled, limbed, and flying robots using ROS Kinetic Kame Paperback November 30, 2017.
- 2. Introduction to AI Robotics, by Robin R. Murphy, MIT Press.
- 3. Robot Modeling and Control by Mark W. Spong, Seth Hutchinson, M. Vidyasagar, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 4. Robotics: Discover The Science and Technology of the Future with 20 Projects (Build It Yourself) by Kathy Ceceri, Nomad Press (1 August 2012).

# **Agile Software Development**

# Course Code: PGMTH2E034T

Course Title: Agile Software Development

Semester: II

Credits: 04

# **Course Objective**

Over last fifteen years, the software industry has explored a number of lightweight development methodologies as alternative approaches for building software. These software development methodologies namely *agile* methodologies emphasize the value of people, programmers, and clients over rigid processes. In this course, students will study the key ideas underlying agile methodologies. We will also explore the practices of a specific agile approach, extreme programming.

# **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Demonstrate the ability to participate effectively in agile practices/process for software development.
- Explain the purpose behind common agile practices.
- Apply agile principles and values to a given situation.
- Identify and address most common problems encountered in adopting Agile methods.

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>   | 10       |
| Agile Software Development: Basics and Fundamentals of Agile Process                |          |
| Methods, Values of Agile, Principles of Agile, stakeholders, Challenges,            |          |
| Understanding how traditional software development works and it's problems;         |          |
| Role of Agile practices in the world of software development & Tools used.          |          |
|   |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>  | 10       |
|   |          |
| Lean Approach: Waste Management, Kaizen and Kanban, add process and                 |          |
| products add value. Roles related to the lifecycle, differences between Agile and   |          |
| traditional plans, differences between Agile plans at different lifecycle phases.   |          |
| Testing plan links between testing, roles and key techniques, principles,           |          |
| understand as a means of assessing the initial status of a project/ How Agile helps |          |
| to build quality  |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>   | 10       |
|   | -        |
| Agile and Scrum Principles: Agile Manifesto, Twelve Practices of XP, Scrum          |          |
| Practices, Applying Scrum. Need of scrum, working of scrum, advanced Scrum          |          |
| Applications, Scrum and the Organization, scrum values.                             |          |
| Agile Product Management: Communication, Planning, Estimation Managing the          |          |

| Agile approach Monitoring progress, Targeting and motivating the team,<br>Managing business involvement, Escalating issue. Quality, Risk, Metrics and<br>Measurements, Managing the Agile approach Monitoring progress, Targeting and |    |
|---|----|
| motivating the team, Managing business involvement and Escalating issue.<br>Unit-IV   | 10 |
|   |    |
| Agile Requirements: User Stories, Backlog Management. Agile Architecture:   |    |
| Feature Driven Development.   |    |
| Agile Risk Management: Risk and Quality Assurance, Agile Tools Agile Testing:   |    |
| Agile Testing Techniques, Test-Driven Development, User Acceptance Test.  |    |
| <u>Unit-V</u>   | 10 |
| Agile Review: Agile Metrics and Measurements, The Agile approach to   |    |
| estimating and project variables, Agile Measurement, Agile Control: the 7 control   |    |
| parameters. Agile approach to Risk, The Agile approach to Configuration   |    |
| Management, The Atern Principles, Atern Philosophy, The Course Objective for  |    |
| using Atern, Refactoring, Continuous integration, Automated Build Tools Scaling   |    |
| Agile for large projects: Scrum of Scrums, Team collaborations, Scrum, Estimate   |    |
| a Scrum Project, Track Scrum Projects, Communication in Scrum Projects, Best  |    |
| Practices to Manage Scrum.  |    |

# **Text Books**

- 1. Robert C. Martin, "Agile Software Development, Principles, Patterns and Practices", Prentice Hall, 2011.
- 2. Addison Wesley, "Succeeding with Agile : Software Development Using Scrum", Pearson, 2010.

- 1. Ken Schwaber, Mike Beedle, "Agile Software Development with Scrum", Pearson. 2008.
- 2. Roger S. Pressman, "Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach", McGraw Hill 7/e 2015.
- 3. Sommerville, "Software Engineering", Pearson education 7/e, 2012.
- 4. Rajib Mall, Fundamentals of software Engineering, Prentice Hall of India.
- 5. Engineering Software as a Service An Agile Software Approach, Armando Fox and David Patterson

# Wireless Sensor Networks

#### **Course Code: PGMTH2E035T**

Course Title: Wireless Sensor Networks

Semester: II

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Wireless Sensor Networks are pervasive computing systems that consist of sensors embedded in the physical world. These systems have many applications including long-term monitoring of habitats, finding parking spaces in crowded cities, or monitoring the physiology, activity patterns of patients, etc. Wireless sensor networks provide the basis for new computing paradigms that challenge many of the classical approaches to developing distributed and networking systems. This course considers the challenges of developing operating systems, wireless networking protocols, power-management, and middle-ware to support this new type of system.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Understand the basis of Sensors with their applications.
- Learn the architecture and placement strategies of Sensors.
- Analyze routing and congestion algorithms.
- Design, develop, and carry out performance analysis of sensors on specific applications.

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit 1</u>   |          |
| Introduction: Fundamentals of wireless communication technology,                |          |
| electromagnetic spectrum radio propagation, characteristics of wireless         | 10       |
| channels, modulation techniques, multiple access techniques, wireless LANs,     |          |
| PANs, WANs, and MANs, Wireless Internet.  |          |
| Unit-II   |          |
| Introduction to adhoc/sensor networks: Key definitions of adhoc/ sensor         |          |
| networks, unique constraints and challenges, advantages of ad-hoc/sensor        | 10       |
| network, driving applications, issues in adhoc wireless networks, issues in     | 10       |
| design of sensor network, sensor network architecture, data dissemination and   |          |
| gathering.  |          |
| <u>Unit III</u>   |          |
| MAC Protocols: Issues in designing MAC protocols for adhoc wireless             |          |
| networks, design goals, classification of MAC protocols, MAC protocols for      | 10       |
| sensor network, location discovery, quality, other issues, S-MAC, IEEE          |          |
| 802.15.4.   |          |
| Unit IV   |          |
| Routing Protocols: Issues in designing a routing protocol, classification of    | 10       |
| routing protocols, table-driven, on-demand, hybrid, flooding, hierarchical, and | 10       |
| power aware routing protocols.  |          |

| <u>Unit-V</u>  |    |
|--|----|
| QoS and Energy Management: Issues and Challenges in providing QoS,         |    |
| classifications, MAC, network layer solutions, QoS frameworks, need for    |    |
| energy management, classification, battery, transmission power, and system | 10 |
| power management schemes.  |    |
| Security: Possible attacks, countermeasures, SPINS, Static and dynamic key |    |
| Distribution.  |    |

#### **Text/Reference Books**

- 1. C. Siva Ram Murthy, and B. S. Manoj, "AdHoc Wireless networks ", Pearson Education, 2008
- 2. Holger Karl and Andreas Willig, "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks", John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, 2005.

- 1. W. Dargie and C. Poellabauer, "Fundamentals of Wireless Sensor Networks Theory and Practice", Wiley 2010.
- 2. Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli and TaiebZnati, "Wireless Sensor Networks, Technology, Protocols, and Applications", Wiley Inderscience, 2007.
- 3. Takahiro Hara, Vladimir I. Zadorozhny, and Erik Buchmann, "Wireless Sensor Network Technologies for the Information Explosion Era", Springer, 2010.
- 4. Feng Zhao and Leonides Guibas, "Wireless Sensor Networks ", Elsevier publication, 2004.
- 5. Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Pearson Education, 2/e, 2003.

# **Data Warehousing and Mining**

# Course Code: PGMTH2E036T

Course Title: Data Warehousing and Mining

Semester: II

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Due to the importance of extracting knowledge/information from large data repositories, Data mining has become a popular tool. This course deals with the important algorithms and computational paradigms that allow computers to find patterns and regularities in databases and perform predictions. In this course, special emphasis will be given to the algorithms as they provide real knowledge discovery tools. Important related technologies, as data warehousing and on-line analytical processing (OLAP) will be also discussed.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Identify the difference between operational and information systems.
- Compare and contrast the pros and cons of various machine learning techniques and to get an insight into when to apply a particular machine learning approach.
- Mathematically analyze various machine learning approaches and paradigms.
- Work with web mining, temporal mining and spatial mining.
- Design intelligent systems that learn automatically.

| Contents  | No of Lectures |
|---|----------------|
| <u>Unit-I</u>   | 10             |
| Introduction to Data Warehousing: Features, Architecture of Data              |                |
| warehouse, Data warehouse schema, OLAP in data warehouse, trends in           |                |
| data warehousing.   |                |
| Data mining, data mining versus knowledge discovery in databases, basic       |                |
| data mining tasks, process of data mining (CRISP-DM), data mining             |                |
| issues, data mining techniques for analysis.                                  |                |
| <u>Unit-II</u>  | 10             |
| Statistical based: Logistic Regression, Bayes classification, Distance-based, |                |
| Simple approach, K Nearest Neighbour, Decision tree Induction, Rule-          |                |
| based Classification, Support Vector Machine.                                 |                |
| Case Study: Prediction of Diabetes using Classification Algorithm.            |                |
| <u>Unit-III</u>   | 10             |
| Clustering: K means Clustering, Agglomerative Hierarchial Clustering,         |                |
| Partitional Algorithms, Squared- Error Clustering, K means Clustering,        |                |
| Anomaly or Outlier Detection, Association Rules, Apriori Algorithm            |                |
| <u>Unit-IV</u>  | 10             |
| Introduction, Working of Predictive analytics, Models: Predictive and         |                |
| Descriptive, Stages of Predictive Analysis, Data Collection, Data Analysis,   |                |
| Statistics, Modelling, Deployment and Monitoring, Graph Mining.               |                |
| <u>Unit-V</u>   | 10             |

Recent trends in Data Mining: Web Mining, Temporal Mining/Spatial Mining, Distributed Data mining, Oracle Data mining, Data mining in Bio Informatics, Data mining as a service (DMaaS).

## **Text Books**

- 1. Margaret H. Dunham, "Data Mining- Introductory and advanced concepts", Perason, tenth Edition, 2012.
- 2. Parteek Bhatia, "Data Mining and Data Warehousing: Principles and Practical Techniques", Cambridge, 2019.

- 1. Vipin Kumar, Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, "Introduction to Data Mining", Wesley, 2006.
- 2. M. Gopal, "Applied Machine Learning", McGrawHill Education, 2019.
- 3. Reema Thareja, "Data Warehousing", Oxford University Press, Ninth Edition, 2019.
- 4. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", Third Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2018.
- 5. Tom M. Mitchel, "Machine Learning", McGrawHill Education, 2013.

# **Computer Vision**

#### **Course Code: PGMTH2E037T**

Course Title: Computer Vision

Semester: II

Credits: 04

## **Course Objective**

Computer vision is a field of artificial intelligence that trains computers to interpret and understand the visual world. Using digital images from cameras and videos and deep learning models, machines can accurately identify and classify objects and then react to what they "see." The focus of the course is to develop the intuitions and mathematics of the lecture methods, and then to learn about the difference between theory and practice in the problem sets.

# **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Develop the practical skills necessary to build computer vision applications using image sensing and analysis.
- Have gained exposure to object and scene recognition and categorization from images.
- Analyse the patterns by applying intelligent techniques.
- Apply computer vision methods to develop real-life intelligent systems.

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>   | 10       |
| Overview, computer imaging systems, lenses, Image formation and sensing,          |          |
| Image analysis, pre-processing and Binary image analysis.                         |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>  | 10       |
| Edge detection, Edge detection performance, Hough transform, corner detection.    |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>   | 10       |
| Segmentation, Morphological filtering, Fourier transform Recent trends in         |          |
| Activity Recognition, computational photography, Biometrics.                      |          |
| Unit-IV   | 10       |
| Feature extraction, shape, histogram, colour, spectral, texture, using CVIPtools, |          |
| Feature analysis, feature vectors, distance /similarity measures, data pre-       |          |
| processing.   |          |
| <u>Unit-V</u>   | 10       |
| Pattern Analysis: Clustering: K-Means, K-Medoids, Mixture of Gaussians.           |          |
| Classification: Discriminant Function, Supervised, Un-supervised, Semi-           |          |
| supervised.   |          |
| Classifiers: Bayes, KNN, ANN models; Dimensionality Reduction: PCA, LDA,          |          |

ICA, and Non-parametric methods.

#### **Text books**

- 1. Richard Szeliski, Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications 3<sup>rd</sup> Edion, 2015.
- 2. E. R. Davies; Computer Vision: Principles, Algorithms, Applications, Learning Kindle Edition.

- 1. Jan Erik Solem, Programming Computer Vision with Python: Techniques and Libraries for Imaging and Retrieving Information, OReilly.
- 2. Forsyth / Ponce ,Computer Vision: A Modern Approach Paperback 1 January 2015.
- 3. Good fellow, Bengio, and Courville :Deep Learning, 1<sup>st</sup> edion 2016.
- 4. Fisher et al: Dictionary of Computer Vision and Image Processing, 1<sup>st</sup> Edion 2014.

# **Advanced Object Oriented Programming**

## **Course Code: PGMTH2E038T**

Course Title: Advanced Object Oriented Programming

Semester: II

Credits: 04

# **Course Objective**

In the object-oriented approach, the focus is on capturing the structure and behavior of information systems into small modules that combine both data and process. The main aim of Object-Oriented Design (OOD) is to improve the quality and productivity of system analysis and design by making it more usable.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Evaluate user requirements for software functionality required to decide whether the Java programming language can meet user requirements.
- Develop software in the Java programming language.
- Use the Java programming language for various programming technologies.
- Use certain technologies by implementing them in the Java programming language to solve the given problem.

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>   | 10       |
| The structure of a Java class, Working With Java Data Types, Using Operators    |          |
| and Decision, operators Creating and Using Arrays, Using Loop, Working          |          |
| with Methods and, Encapsulation Working with Inheritance. Class designing,      |          |
| Encapsulation and Visibility Modifiers, Formal and Actual Parameters, Scope     |          |
| of a Parameter, Call by Value, & Primitive Parameters Object Parameters,        |          |
| Overload methods, Use the instance of operator and casting.                     |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>  | 10       |
| I/O Basics Streams, Byte Streams and Character Streams, Read and write          |          |
| data from the console, Use streams to read and write files, Use the Path class  |          |
| to operate on file, and directory paths Process, Thread, Defining a Thread,     |          |
| Instantiate a Thread, Starting Threads, Thread Life-cycle, Thread Priorities,   |          |
| Methods for Threads Implementation, Multithreading.                             |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>   | 10       |
| Basic socket overview, client/server, reserved sockets, proxy servers, internet |          |
| addressing, networking classes and interfaces, Internet address, TCP/IP Client  |          |
| Sockets, URL connection, TCP/IP server sockets. Java as a Database frontend,    |          |
| Database client/server methodology, Two-Tier Database Design, Three-Tier        |          |
| Database Design. The API Components, Limitations Using JDBC(Applications        |          |
| vs. Applets), Security Considerations, JDBC Drivers, JDBC-ODBC Bridge, Current  |          |

| JDBC Drivers.   |    |
|---|----|
| <u>Unit-IV</u>  | 10 |
| Background, The Life Cycle Of a Servlet, The Java Servlet Development Kit, The  |    |
| Simple Servlet, The Servlet API, The Javax Servlet Package, Reading Servlet,    |    |
| Parameters Reading Initialization Parameters, The Javax. Servlet. http package, |    |
| Handling HTTP Requests and responses, Using Cookies, Session Tracking,          |    |
| Security Issues, Exploring Servlet.   |    |
| <u>Unit-V</u>   | 10 |
| Applets: Applet basics, Including an Applet on a Web Page, Graphics,            |    |
| animation, painting in applet.  |    |
| Java server pages : JSP Development Model, Components of JSP page, Request      |    |
| Dispatching, Session and Thread Management.                                     |    |

#### **Text/Reference Books**

- 1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, Tata McGraw- Hill, Seventh Edition, 2008.
- 2. Jim Keogh, J2EE- The Complete Reference; Tata Mcgraw-Hill, Edition, 2002.

- 1. Alur Deepak, Malks Dan and Crupi John, Core J2EE Patterns: Best Practices and Design Strategies, Prentice Hall India (2001).
- 2. Austin and Pawlan, Advanced Programming for JAVA 2 Platform, Pearson Education (2004).
- **3**. Geary M. David , Core JSTL Mastering the JSP standard Tag Library, Pearson Education(2007).

# **SEMESTER-III**

# **Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning**

# **Course Code: PGMTH3C010T**

Course Title: Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning

Semester: III

Credits: 04

# **Course Objective**

Artificial intelligence (AI) is playing a very prominent role, and of late, this term has been gaining popularity due to the recent advances in the field of intelligent computing. Machine learning (ML) is that sphere of artificial intelligence where the machines are responsible for ending daily chores and are believed to be smarter than humans. These machines tend to speed up your tasks and processes along with a guaranteed level of precision and accuracy, and therefore these are what make them a useful and important tool.

# **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Analyse various AI problem-solving approaches and knowledge representations.
- Compare and contrast the pros and cons of various machine learning techniques and get an insight into when to apply a particular machine learning approach.
- Apply machine learning for image and text classification.
- Design intelligent systems that learn automatically.
- Design deep learning-based models for automatic classification.

| Contents   | No. of   |
|--|----------|
|  | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10       |
| Data Science, AI & ML: Application areas, Introduction to AI-Problem                                       |          |
| formulation, Problem Definition, Production systems, Control strategies, Search                            |          |
| strategies. Problem characteristics, Production system characteristics, Heuristic                          |          |
| functions Hill Climbing, Depth first and Breath first, Constraints satisfaction,                           |          |
| Related algorithms, Measure of performance and analysis of search algorithms.                              |          |
| Introduction to Knowledge representation. Machine learning techniques and                                  |          |
| applications.  |          |
| I  | 10       |
| <b><u>Unit - II</u></b><br>Data pre-processing: Data reading and handling with different formats, treating | 10       |
| missing values, data visualization(Numpy, pandas and Matplotlib libraries).                                |          |
| Supervised Learning (Regression/Classification): Basic methods: Distance-based                             |          |
| methods, Nearest-Neighbours, Decision Trees, Naive Baye's.   |          |
| Linear models: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Generalized Linear                                  |          |
| Models, Support Vector Machines, Nonlinearity and Kernel Methods, Beyond.                                  |          |
| Binary Classification: Multi-class/Structured Outputs, Ranking.  |          |
| Unit -III  | 10       |
| Unsupervised Learning: Clustering: K-means/Kernel K-means, Dealing with                                    |          |

| continuous, categorical values in K-Means.                                     |    |
|--|----|
| Dimensionality Reduction: PCA and kernel PCA Matrix Factorization and Matrix   |    |
| Completion, Generative Models (mixture models and latent factor models).       |    |
| <u>Unit - IV</u>   | 10 |
| Model evaluation and validation: Evaluating Machine Learning algorithms and    |    |
| Model Selection, Introduction to Statistical Learning Theory, Ensemble Methods |    |
| (Boosting, Bagging, Random Forests). Limitations and solution of handcrafted   |    |
| machine learning.  |    |
| Unit - V   | 10 |
| Deep Learning: Deep Learning and Feature Representation Learning,              |    |
| Convolutional Neural Networks(CNN), Image classification, Image classification |    |
| and hyper-parameter tuning, Text classification, Recurrent Neural              |    |
| Networks(RNN), Auto-encoders, Generative Adversarial Networks(GANs), Long      |    |
| Short-Term Memory (LSTM). Counter measuring over fitting and under fitting:    |    |
| Regularization, Dropout and Batch normalization, Overview of attacks on Deep   |    |
| Neural Networks.   |    |

# **Text books**

- 1. Peter Jackson, "Introduction to Expert Systems", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. Kevin Murphy, Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, MIT Press, 2012

- 1. Deepak Khemani "Artificial Intelligence", Tata Mc Graw Hill Education 2013.
- 2. Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B., "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Mc Graw Hill-2008.
- 3. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer 2009
- 4. Christopher Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2007.

# Course Code: PGMTH3E019T

Course Title: Pattern Recognition

Semester: III

Credits: 04

## **Course Objective**

Pattern recognition aims to classify objects of interest into one of many categories or classes. The objects of interest are referred to as patterns and may range from printed characters and shapes in images to electronic waveforms and digital signals, following the data under consideration. Pattern recognition is fundamental to our understanding of the world; it is an important element in every mathematics curriculum. The importance of patterns usually gets lost in a repeating pattern of two-dimensional shapes.

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Identify and describe existing pattern recognition approaches for different human interaction modalities (voice, gesture, etc.)
- Evaluate and select the best approach for the recognition and identification of various patterns.
- Compare and identify the best technological solution for designing and implementing a complete recognition system based on pattern matching approach
- Identify a set of business use--cases using pattern based technology and discuss related advantage and drawbacks

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>   | 10       |
| Introduction to pattern recognition: Learning paradigms, pattern recognition      |          |
| application area, Supervised and unsupervised learning.                           |          |
| Probability: independence of events, conditional and joint probability.           |          |
| Processes: Stationary and non-stationary processes, Expectation, Autocorrelation, |          |
| Cross-Correlation, spectra. Introduction to Statistical, Structural and Neural    |          |
| Approaches.   |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>  | 10       |
| Statistical Pattern Recognition: Patterns and classification, discriminant        |          |
| functions, Bayes Decision Theory, Minimum-error-rate classification. Classifiers, |          |
| Discriminant functions, Decision surfaces. Normal density and discriminant        |          |
| functions. Discrete features.   |          |
| Parameter Estimation Methods: Maximum-Likelihood Estimation: Gaussian case.       |          |
| Maximum a Posteriori estimation. Bayesian estimation, Gaussian case.              |          |
| Unsupervised learning and clustering: Criterion functions for clustering,         |          |
| Algorithms for clustering, K-Means, Hierarchical and other methods.               |          |
|   |          |
| <u>Unit-III</u>   | 10       |

Biometrics as a Pattern Recognition tool: Evolution, Biometric traits, Biometrics Vs. traditional recognition techniques, Characteristics of a good biometrics, Benefits of biometrics, Key biometric processes: verification, identification and biometric matching, Performance measures in biometric systems, FAR, FRR, FTE, FTA rate, EER, ROC, DTE etc., Biometrics applications, Challenges to biometrics systems. **Unit-IV** 10

| <u>Unit-IV</u>  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Overview of uni-biometric systems: Fingerprint, Fingerprint Classification,     |  |  |  |
| Overview and working of Iris, Hand geometry, Face recognition biometrics        |  |  |  |
| systems, sensing devices, comparison of various biometrics, Limitations of Uni- |  |  |  |
| biometrics, Taxonomy of multi-biometrics, Issues in Designing a Multibiometric  |  |  |  |
| System, Normalization strategy, Fusion techniques                               |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |

<u>Unit-V</u>

Multi-biometrics: Taxonomy of multi-biometrics, issues in designing a Multibiometric system, Normalization strategy, Fusion techniques, Attacks and threats vectors in biometrics, Template security schemes, Anti-spoofing techniques, Presentation attacks detection metrics, Biometrics databases. Deep learning in biometrics.

10

#### **Text books**

- 1. C. M. Bishop, Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition, Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 2. Anil K Jain, Patrick Flynn, Arun A Ross, "Handbook of Biometrics", Springer, 2008.

#### **Reference books**

- 1. V. N. Vapnik, The Nature of Statistical Learning Theory, Springer, 2000.
- 2. N. Cristianini and J. Shawe-Taylor, An Introduction to Support Vector Machines, Cambridge University Press, 2000.
- 3. R. J. Schalkoff, Pattern Recognition: Statistical, Structural and Neural Approaches, Wiley, 1992.
- 4. Classification and Scene Analysis, Wiley, New York, 1973. L. Miclet, Structural Methods in Pattern Recognition North Oxford 3. Academic, London, 1986.
- 5. Arun A. Ross , Karthik Nandakumar, A.K.Jain, "Handbook of Multibiometrics", Springer, New Delhi, 2006.

# **Internet of Things (IoT)**

#### Course Code: PGMTH3E020T

**Course Title:** Internet of things (IoT)

#### Semester: III

Credits: 04

# **Course Objective**

Smart devices are everywhere, yet the Internet of Things revolution is still in its infancy. In the Internet of Things (IoT) everyday objects share data over networks, with or without human intervention. Teaching IoT entails selecting among many technical and social topics, such as hardware, networking, data storage, data analysis, data presentation, human-computer interaction, platforms, embedded systems programming, web technologies, ethics, privacy, and security.

# **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Understand the vision of IoT from a global context.
- Analyze various protocols of IoT.
- Determine the Market perspective of IoT
- Use of Devices, Gateways and Data Management in IoT.
- Apply IoT in various applications like Industrial, Commercial Building Automation, Manufacturing, etc.

| Contents   | No of    |  |
|--|----------|--|
|  | Lectures |  |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10       |  |
| IoT Fundamentals: Genesis of IoT, IoT and Digitization, IoT Impact,        |          |  |
| Connected Roadways, Connected Factory, Smart Connected Buildings, Smart    |          |  |
| Creatures, Convergence of IT and OT, IoT Challenges.                       |          |  |
| IoT Network Architecture and Design: Drivers Behind New Network            |          |  |
| Architectures, Scale, Security, Constrained Devices and Networks, Data,    |          |  |
| Legacy Device Support, Comparing IoT Architectures, IoT Data Management    |          |  |
| and Compute Stack, Fog Computing. Edge Computing, The Hierarchy of Edge,   |          |  |
| Fog, and Cloud.  |          |  |
| Unit-II  | 10       |  |
| Smart Objects: The "Things" in IoT, Sensors, Actuators, and Smart Objects, |          |  |
| Sensors, Actuators, Micro-Electro-Mechanical Systems (MEMS), Smart         |          |  |
| Objects, Smart Objects: A Definition, Trends in Smart Objects, Sensor      |          |  |
| Networks, Wireless Sensor Networks (WSNs), Communication Protocols for     |          |  |
| Wireless Sensor Networks   |          |  |
|  |          |  |
| <u>Unit-III</u>  | 10       |  |
| Connecting Smart Objects: Communications Criteria, Range, Frequency Bands, |          |  |
| Power Consumption, Topology, Constrained Devices, Constrained-Node         |          |  |

| Networks, IoT Fundamentals, Data Rate and Throughput, Latency and<br>Determinism, Overhead and Payload.<br>IoT Access Technologies: IEEE 802.15.4, IEEE 802.15.4g and 802.15.4e,<br>IEEE 1901.2a, IEEE 802.11ah, LoRaWAN, LTE Cat 0, LTE-M, NB-IoT<br>Standardization and Alliances, Physical Layer, MAC Layer, Topology,<br>Security, Competitive Technologies.  |    |
|---|----|
| <b>Unit-IV</b><br>IP as the IoT Network Layer: The Business Case for IP, The Key Advantages<br>of Internet Protocol, Adoption or Adaptation of the Internet Protocol, The Need<br>for Optimization, Constrained Nodes, Constrained Networks, IP Versions,<br>Optimizing IP for IoT, From 6LoWPAN to 6Lo, Header Compression,<br>Fragmentation, Mesh Addressing, Mesh-Under Versus Mesh-Over Routing,<br>6Lo Working Group, 6TiSCH, RPL.<br>Application Protocols for IoT: The Transport Layer, IoT Application Transport<br>Methods, Application Layer Protocol, Generic Web-Based Protocols, IoT<br>Application Layer Protocols, CoAP, Message Queuing Telemetry Transport<br>(MQTT).  | 10 |
| <u>Unit-V</u><br>Data and Analytics for IoT: An Introduction to Data Analytics for IoT,<br>Structured Versus Unstructured Data, Data in Motion Versus Data at Rest, IoT<br>Data Analytics Overview, IoT Data Analytics Challenges, Machine Learning,<br>Machine Learning Overview, Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning,<br>Neural Networks, Machine Learning and Getting Intelligence from Big Data,<br>Predictive Analytics.<br>Securing IoT: A Brief History of OT Security, Common Challenges in OT<br>Security, Erosion of Network Architecture, Pervasive Legacy Systems,<br>Insecure Operational Protocols, Modbus, DNP3 (Distributed Network<br>Protocol), ICCP (Inter-Control Center Communications Protocol), OPC (OLE<br>for Process Control). | 10 |

#### **Text Books**

- 1. David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Rob Barton and Jerome Henry, "IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols and Use Cases for Internet of Things", Cisco Press, 2017.
- 2. Raj Kamal, "Internet of Things Architecture and Design", McGraw Hill, 1/e, 2017.

- 1. Vijay Madisetti, Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach". 2016.
- 2. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, "The Internet of Things Key applications and Protocols", Wiley, 2012.
- 3. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), "Architecting the Internet of Things", Springer, 2011.
- 4. Michael Margolis, Arduino Cookbook, "Recipes to Begin, Expand, and Enhance Your Projects", O'Reilly Media, 2/e, 2011.

# Cryptography

### **Course Code: PGMTH3E021T**

**Course Title:** Cryptography

Semester: III

Credits: 04

# **Course Objective**

Cryptography is an indispensable tool used to protect the information in computing systems. It is used to protect data at rest and data in motion. Cryptographic systems are an integral part of standard protocols. Even though the cryptosystem is secure, it relies on mathematical modeling and proofs to show that a particular system satisfies the security properties attributed to it. This course will introduce the students to cryptography and to secure data and provide confidentiality.

# **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Understand concept of classic and modern cryptography.
- Understand underlying number systems for cryptography.
- Apply cryptography and security principles to system design.
- Analyze and design network security protocols.

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>   | 10       |
| Introduction: Introduction to Cryptography, Need and history, classic and<br>modern cryptography, Classical cryptography, Cryptanalysis of substitution,<br>Vigenere and Hill Ciphers.<br>Principles of Modern Cryptography: Formulation of Exact Definitions,<br>Reliance on Precise Assumptions, Rigorous Proofs of Security, Substitution<br>ciphers, Transposition ciphers: Keyed and Keyless, one-time pads. |          |
| Unit-II   | 10       |
| Number Theory and Finite Fields: Divisibility and The Division Algorithm,   |          |
| Modular Arithmetic, Euclidean and Extended Euclidean algorithm, groups,   |          |
| rings and fields, Finite Fields of the form GF(p).  |          |
| Unit-III  | 10       |
| Pseudo-Random Number generation: Principles of Pseudo-Random Number   |          |
| generation and its use, Stream Ciphers, Pseudo Random Number  |          |
| generators(PRNG) and its requirements, PRNG using block ciphers, True   |          |
| Random number generator (TRNG), Pseudo random functions (PRF).  |          |
| <u>Unit-IV</u>  | 10       |
| Digital signature standards and algorithms: Concept of Digital Signature,   |          |

| Attacks on Digital Signature, Elliptic Curve Digital Signature, Digital Signature<br>Algorithm, Digital Signature Standards (DSS), Variations and applications of   |    |
|---|----|
| Digital Signatures.   |    |
| <u>Unit-V</u>   | 10 |
| Pseudorandom Objects: Substitution-Permutation Networks, confusion-<br>diffusion paradigm, pseudo randomness of substitution-permutation networks,<br>Attacks on reduced-round substitution-permutation networks, Feistel networks, |    |
| Differential and Linear cryptanalysis   |    |
| Public-Key Infrastructure: Digital Certificates, Trust Models-Strict Hierarchy  |    |
| Model, Web Browser Model  |    |

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Jonathan Katz and Yehuda Lindell, "Introduction to Modern Cryptography", CRC Press,1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2007
- 2. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice", Pearson Education, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017

- 1. Douglas R. Stinson, "Cryptography: Theory and Practice", CRC Press, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2015
- 2. Atul Kahate, "Cryptography and Network Security", McGraw Hill, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2019
- 3. Trappe & Washington, "Introduction to Cryptography with Coding Theory", Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2006
- 4. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Cryptography and Network Security", McGrawHill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition,2017

# **Digital Forensics**

# Course Code: PGMTH3E022T

Course Title: Digital Forensics

# Semester: III

# Credits:04

# **Course Objective**

With digital devices becoming ubiquitous, digital evidence is increasingly important to the investigation and prosecution of many types of crimes. These devices often contain information about crimes committed, movement of suspects, and criminal associates. The course provides knowledge on digital forensics legislations, digital crime, forensics processes and procedures, data acquisition and validation, e-discovery tools.

# **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Plan a systematic approach to computer investigations.
- Use forensic tools to collect digital evidence.
- Understand the core concepts related to malware, hardware and software vulnerabilities.
- Perform digital forensics analysis using different tools.

| Contents   | No of    |  |  |
|--|----------|--|--|
|  | Lectures |  |  |
| <u>Unit-I</u>  | 10       |  |  |
| Introduction to Digital Forensics, Digital Evidence, Digital Forensic Process-       |          |  |  |
| Acquisition, Preservation, Analysis and Presentation. Principals of Digital          |          |  |  |
| Forensics, Chain of Custody, Challenging Aspects of Digital Evidence,                |          |  |  |
| Cybertrail, Digital Foot printing.   |          |  |  |
|  |          |  |  |
| <u>Unit-II</u>   | 10       |  |  |
| Incident response Process: Handling incident, Methodology, process, activities in    |          |  |  |
| initial response, post incident activity. Digital Investigations, Conducting Digital |          |  |  |
| Investigations, Digital Investigation Process Models, Scaffolding for Digital        |          |  |  |
| Investigations, Applying the Scientific Method in Digital Investigations.            |          |  |  |
|  |          |  |  |
| <u>Unit-III</u>  | 10       |  |  |
| Investigation Tools, eDiscovery, Digital Evidence Collection, Evidence               |          |  |  |
| Preservation, E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E-Mail             |          |  |  |
| Recovery. Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences,             |          |  |  |
| Password Cracking, Forensic Software and Hardware, Analysis and Advanced             |          |  |  |
| Tools, Audio Video Analysis  |          |  |  |

| <u>Unit-IV</u><br>Computer Intrusions: How Computer Intruders Operate, Investigating Computer<br>Intrusions, Forensic Preservation of Volatile Data, Investigation of Malicious<br>Computer Programs, Discovery of audio, video and social media evidences.   | 10 |
|---|----|
| <u>Unit-V</u><br>Forensics analysis: validating forensics data, data hiding techniques. Forensics<br>auditing, step-by-step, how-to process for securing, investigating, and auditing or<br>assessing various IT environments. Applying Forensic Science to Computers:<br>Preparation, Survey, Documentation, Preservation, Examination and Analysis,<br>reconstruction, reporting, summary | 10 |

# **Text Books**

- 1. Larry E.Daniel, Lars E.Daniel, "Digital Forensics for legal Professionals", Syngress (Elsevier), 1<sup>st</sup> Edition,2012
- Eoghan Casey, "Digital Evidence and Computer Crime", Academic Press (Elsevier), 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2011

- 1. Yuri Diogenes, Erdal Ozkaya, "Cyber Security-Attack and Defense Strategies", Packt Publishing, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2018
- 2. Nina Godbole, Sunit Belapure, "Cyber Security", Wiley India, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2015
- 3. Bill Nelson, Phillips, Steuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 4. John Sammons "The Basics of Digital Forensics: The Primer for Getting Started in Digital Forensics", Syngress (Elsevier), 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2012

# **Cyber Physical Systems**

# Course Code: PGMTH3E023T

Course Title: Cyber Physical Systems

Semester: III

Credits: 04

#### **Course Objective**

Cyber-physical systems combine digital and analog devices, interfaces, networks, computer systems, and the like, with the natural and man-made physical world. The inherent interconnected and heterogeneous combination of behaviors in these systems makes their analysis and design a challenging task. This course includes design for Cyber Physical Systems Security (CPSS), breaches and enforcement, standardization, best practices, policies, security threat and protection-in-depth modeling, vulnerability and risk assessment for CPSS.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, candidates will be able to:

- Understand the core principles behind the development of CPS.
- Identify safety specifications and critical infrastructures to secure CPS.
- Understand abstraction in CPS designs.
- Express pre-and post-conditions and invariants for CPS models.

| Contents  | No of    |
|---|----------|
|   | Lectures |
| <u>Unit-I</u>   | 10       |
| Introduction to Cyber-Physical Systems: Cyber-Physical Systems (CPS) in the<br>real world, Basic principles of design and validation of CPS, Industry 4.0,<br>AutoSAR, IIOT implications, Building Automation, Medical CPS, CPS.<br>Platform components: CPS Hardware (HW) platforms, Processors, Sensors,<br>Actuators, CPS Network, WirelessHart, CAN, Automotive Ethernet, CPS<br>Software (SW) stack, RTOS. |          |
| <u>Unit-II</u>  | 10       |
| Scheduling Real Time control tasks, Principles of Automated Control Design:   |          |
| Dynamical Systems and Stability Controller Design Techniques, Stability.  |          |
| Analysis: CLFs, MLFs, stability under slow switching, Performance under Packet  |          |
| drop and Noise.   |          |
|   |          |
| Unit-III  | 10       |
| Matlab toolboxes: Simulink, Stateflow CPS implementation: From features to  |          |
| software components, Mapping software components to ECUs, CPS Performance   |          |
| Analysis, effect of scheduling, bus latency, sense and actuation faults on control performance, network congestion.   |          |

| <u>Unit-IV</u>   | 10 |
|--|----|
| Formal Methods for Safety Assurance of Cyber-Physical Systems: Advanced      |    |
| Automata based modeling and analysis, Basic introduction and examples, Timed |    |
| and Hybrid Automata, Definition of trajectories, Formal Analysis, Flow pipe  |    |
| construction, reachability analysis Analysis of CPS Software, Weakest Pre-   |    |
| conditions, Bounded Model checking.  |    |
| Unit-V   | 10 |
| CPS SW Verification: Frama-C, CBMC Secure Deployment of CPS, Attack          |    |
| models, Secure Task mapping and Partitioning, State estimation for attack    |    |
| detection Automotive Case study: Vehicle ABS hacking Power Distribution Case |    |
| study, Attacks on SmartGrids.  |    |

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Raj Rajkumar, Dionisio De Niz, and Mark Klein, "Cyber-Physical Systems", addison-Wesley Professional, 2015.
- 2. Rajeev Alur, "Principles of Cyber-Physical Systems", MIT Press, 2015.

- 1. André Platzer, "Logical Analysis of Hybrid Systems: Proving Theorems for Complex Dynamics", Springer, 2010.
- 2. Jean J. Labrosse, "Embedded Systems Building Blocks: Complete and Ready-To-Use Modules in C", Paul Temme, 2011.
- 3. E. A. Lee and S. A. Seshia, "Introduction to Embedded Systems: A Cyber-Physical Systems Approach", 2011.
- 4. T. D. Lewis "Network Science: Theory and Applications", Wiley, 2009.
- 5. P. Tabuada, "Verification and control of hybrid systems: a symbolic approach", Springer-Verlag 2009.

# Course Code: PGMTH3C002P

Course Title: Research Seminar Semester: III

# Credits: 02

#### **Responsibilities of the Supervisor:**

- 1. Students will be introduced to reviewing related literature as per the topic allocated by their respective supervisors.
- 2. Students will be taught the basics of research methodology by their respective supervisors.
- 3. Students will be acquainted with the skills of writing research articles with publication ethics.

## **Guidelines for Students:**

- 1. Each student shall be required to make a seminar presentation on any chosen topic connected with the field of specialization twice in a semester.
- 2. Preparation and presentation of a seminar are intended to investigate an in-depth review of literature, prepare a critical review and develop the confidence to present the material by the student.
- 3. The seminar shall be evaluated by faculty members assigned to this course, based on the two presentations a report submitted by the candidate, and a viva-voce conducted. The marks of both the presentation will be recorded in Seminar Evaluation Performa.

**Seminar Evaluation Performa** 

| Name of Student:   | Roll No: |
|--------------------|----------|
| Name of Evaluater: |          |
| Topic of Seminar:  |          |
| Date(s) of Seminar |          |

| SN | Evaluation Criteria                                      | Explanation   | Max.<br>Marks  | 1 <sup>st</sup> Presen. | 2 <sup>nd</sup> Presen. |
|----|--|---|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1  | Knowledge and Content<br>Organization of<br>presentation | Information presented as interesting story in logical, easy to follow sequence                                    | 5<br>(2.5+2.5) |                         |                         |
| 2  | Background content                                       | Material sufficient for clear understanding<br>AND exceptionally presented  | 5<br>(2.5+2.5) |                         |                         |
| 3  | Methods  | Sufficient for understanding <b>AND</b><br>exceptionally presented  | 5<br>(2.5+2.5) |                         |                         |
| 4  | Results (figures, graphs, tables, etc.)                  | All figures clear, All appropriately formatted,<br>Exceptionally explained  | 5<br>(2.5+2.5) |                         |                         |
| 5  | Contribution of work                                     | Significance exceptionally well explained   | 5<br>(2.5+2.5) |                         |                         |
| 6  | Knowledge of subject                                     | Demonstrated full knowledge; answered all questions with elaboration  | 5<br>(2.5+2.5) |                         |                         |
| 7  | Presentation Skills Graphics<br>(use of Power-point)     | Uses graphics that explain and reinforce text and presentation  | 4<br>(2+2)     |                         |                         |
| 8  | Mechanics  | Presentation has no misspellings or grammatical errors  | 4<br>(2+2)     |                         |                         |
| 9  | Eye Contact  | Refers to slides to make points; engaged with audience  | 4<br>(2+2)     |                         |                         |
| 10 | <b>Elocution -</b> not ability to speak English language | Correct, precise pronunciation of all terms,<br>Voice is clear and steady; audience can hear<br>well at all times | 4<br>(2+2)     |                         |                         |
| 11 | Length and Pace  | Appropriate (30-35 min) Well-paced throughout   | 4<br>(2+2)     |                         |                         |

| Total  |   | 50                              |                     |  |  |
|--|---|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Grand Total (1 <sup>st</sup> Presentation +2 <sup>n</sup>  | <sup>ad</sup> Presentation) (Out of 50) |                                 |                     |  |  |
| Signature of Evaluator wit   | th Date                                 |                                 |                     |  |  |
| <b>Dissertation Part-I</b>   |   |                                 |                     |  |  |
| Course Code: PGMTH3C   | 008D                                    |                                 |                     |  |  |
| Course Title: Dissertation I   | Part-I                                  |                                 |                     |  |  |
| Semester: III  |   |                                 |                     |  |  |
| Credits: 08  |   |                                 |                     |  |  |
|  | Supervisor Evalu                        | ation Performa                  |                     |  |  |
| Confide  | ntial (to be used by Superviso          | ors & not to be shared with oth | ers)                |  |  |
| M.Tech CST Dissertation Evaluation Sheet to be filled in by all Supervisors and communicated to M.Tech.<br>Coordinator/HoD <i>before semester evaluation</i> : |   |                                 |                     |  |  |
| Name of the Student:   |   | Roll Number:                    |                     |  |  |
| Title of the Dissertation:   |   |                                 |                     |  |  |
| Research Area & subarea to   | which the topic belongs:                |                                 |                     |  |  |
| Name of the Supervisor:  |   |                                 |                     |  |  |
| Supervisor's evaluation:<br>Day-to-Day work assessmer  | nt in III semester: (marks to be        | e awarded out of 100)           |                     |  |  |
| Problem Formulation and  | Literature Surveyed and                 | Meetings with the supervisor    | Final marks on day- |  |  |
| Identification of  | Schedule of work                        | & continuous reporting on       | to-day work         |  |  |

| Problem Formulation and | blem Formulation and Literature Surveyed and |                           | Final marks on day-   |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Identification of       | Schedule of work                             | & continuous reporting on | to-day work           |
| Objectives              | followed as suggested                        | progress                  | evaluation out of 100 |
| (out of 40)             | (out of 40)                                  | (out of 20)               | (sum of marks         |
|                         |  |                           | awarded col:1-3))     |
|                         |  |                           |                       |
|                         |  |                           |                       |
|                         |  |                           |                       |
|                         |  |                           |                       |
|                         |  |                           |                       |

#### Signature of the supervisor with date:

Notes:

*i.* All students are required to maintain a diary where meeting dates (at least twice a week) with the supervisor and weekly progress work done are to be recorded in brief and endorsed by the supervisor's signature. This diary is required to be submitted at the time of evaluation.

*ii. The supervisor will communicate to the student any suggestions made by the external expert and get them implemented* 

# **Dissertation Part-I**

Course Code: PGMTH3C008D

Course Title: Dissertation Part-I

Semester: III

Credits: 08

# **External Expert Evaluation Performa**

1. Name of External Expert (*Block Letters*): .....

2. Dissertation Title:

......

3. Research Area & subarea: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Dissertation Supervisor(s):

5. Thesis Viva Date and Time: .....

| Roll<br>No. of<br>Student<br>(s) | Name of<br>Student(s) | Literature<br>Review<br>(15) | Identificatio<br>-n of<br>Objectives<br>(15) | Dissertation<br>Design/Plan<br>(20) | Presentation<br>(25) | Viva<br>(25) | Total<br>out of<br>100<br>(Sum of<br>cols. 3 to<br>7) |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---|
|                                  |                       |                              |  |                                     |                      |              |   |

Comments required for justification if work is **Exceptionally Bad (≤50%)/ Outstanding (≥80%):** 

\_\_\_\_\_

.....

#### Suggestions to be communicated to the students & supervisor(s)

Signature of External Expert with date

# **SEMESTER-IV**

# **Dissertation Part-II**

#### Course Code: PGMTH4C004D

Course Title: Dissertation Part-II

#### Semester: IV

Credits: 18

#### Supervisor Evaluation Performa

Confidential (to be used by Supervisors & not to be shared with others)

# M.Tech IV Semester CST Dissertation

Evaluation Sheet to be filled in by all Supervisors and communicated to M.Tech Program Coordinator/HoD *before final evaluation (end-semester):* 

Name of the Student:\_\_\_\_\_

Enrollment No:\_\_\_\_\_

Title of the Dissertation:\_\_\_\_\_

Research Area & subarea to which the topic belongs:

Name of the Supervisor:\_\_\_\_\_

#### Supervisor's evaluation:

Day-to-Day work assessment during iV semester evaluation: (marks to be awarded out of 225)

| Meetings with the supervisor &<br>continuous reporting on progress<br>(out of 75) | External expert suggestions<br>implemented and quality of work<br>done<br>(out of 150) | Final marks on day-to-day<br>work evaluation out of 225 |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|
|   |  |   |  |  |

Would you like further work on this Dissertation Topic to be offered to the next batch of the students? YES/NO Do you plan to communicate a paper and/or file an IPR on the work done? YES /NO Did you publish a paper in peer reviewed Journal? YES NO (UGC Approved/Scopus/SCI, Communicated/Under Review)

Signature of the supervisor with date:

Notes: i. All students are required to maintain a diary where meeting dates (at least twice a week) with the supervisor and weekly progress work done are to be recorded in brief and endorsed by the supervisor's signature. This diary is required to be submitted at the time of evaluation.

*ii. Students be advised to prepare a paper (in IEEE format) based on the work for communication.* 

## **Dissertation Part-II**

#### Course Code: PGMTH4C004D

Course Title: Dissertation Part-II

Semester: IV

Credits: 18

## **External Expert Evaluation Performa**

1. Name of External Expert (*Block Letters*): .....

2. Dissertation Title: .....

 3. Research Area & subarea:

 4. Dissertation Supervisor(s):

5. Viva Date and Time: .....

| Roll No<br>of<br>Student | Name of the<br>Student | Quality<br>Literatur<br>e<br>Reviewe<br>d (20) | Thesis<br>Plan/Desi<br>gn/Algori<br>thm (30) | Experimen<br>tal results<br>& its<br>analysis<br>(50) | Presen<br>tation<br>(50) | Viva<br>(50) | Repor<br>t<br>(25) | Total<br>(225<br>) |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--|--|---|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                          |                        |  |  |   |                          |              |                    |                    |

Comments required for justification if work is **Exceptionally Bad** (≤50%)/ Outstanding (≥80%):

Suggestions to be communicated to the students & supervisor(s)

Signature of External Expert with date