Detailed Course Contents SEMESTER III

CORE COURSES

Course Code: MNSS2C001T **Course Title:** Hybrid Warfare **Duration of Examination:** 3 Hrs Contact Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs Credit: 04 Maximum Marks: 100

Course Objective(s):

This course is intended to introduce students about the causes and historical background of warfare. The aim is to make the students understand the main causes and the principles of war. It also provides opportunity to the students to understand about 20^{th} century war and revolution in military affairs. It also elucidates the students on new forms of warfare in the present day context.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

- **CLO:1-** Students will benefit from the course by having a thorough understanding of the definition, meaning, and fundamental ideas of war, its causes, and its core principles.
- **CLO:2-** The students will be familiar with the types of warfare and their distinct typologies, tactics, and features.
- **CLO:3-** Additionally, the students will be able to compare and contrast the ideas of traditional warfare and modern warfare.
- **CLO:4-** Students will gain a thorough understanding of the concept and theories of hybrid warfare/fourth-generation warfare in this course.

Teac	hing	Schen	ne	Total	Total Examination Scheme				
(5	Sessio	ns)*		(L+T+P)	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total Marks	
	T	T	T						
Unit	L	Т	Р	С					
Ι	12	0	0	12	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks	
II	12	0	0	12					
III	12	0	0	12					
IV	12	0	0	12					
V	12	0	0	12					
Total	60	00	00	60	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks	

	Course Contents							
Unit I:	Evolution of Warfare: Conceptual Aspects							
	Concept and Meaning of War - historical development							
	Classical and Contemporary Causes of War							
	• Principles of War and their importance							
Unit II:	Warfare in the 20 th Century							
	Guerrilla Warfare: Concept, Origin & fighting Techniques							
	Low Intensity Conflict (LIC): Meaning and Objectives							
	• Total, Limited & Modern War – Nature, concept and features							
Unit III:	Revolution in Military Affairs							
	Role of Drone/Satellite/ UAV							
	Revolution in Military Affairs - background							
	Components of RMA, Network Centric Warfare and RMA							
Unit IV:	Changing Nature of Warfare							
	Hybrid War/Fourth Generation Warfare							
	Information and Cyber Warfare							
	Conflicts of Environment, War over Water, Energy and Resources							
Unit V:	Case Studies							
	Cases from recent wars/conflicts (Russia-Ukraine, Israel-Palestine)							
	Case Studies on Space Warfare-Cyber Warfare							

Teaching - learning process

Teaching methods, guided by such a framework, may include:

- lectures supported by group tutorial work;
- the use of prescribed textbooks and e-learning resources and other self-study materials;
- activities designed to promote the development of generic/transferable and subject-specific skills;
- Internship and visits to field sites, and industrial or other research facilities etc.

Progress towards achievement of learning outcomes may be assessed using the following:

- time-constrained examinations; closed-book and open-book tests;
- observation of practical skills; individual project reports (case-study reports);
- team project reports; oral presentations, including seminar presentation;
- Pedagogic approaches as per the context.

Attendance Requirements:

Students are expected to attend all lectures in order to be able to fully benefit from the course. A minimum of 75% attendance is a must, failing which a student may not be permitted to appear in examination.

Reference/Suggested Readings

- 1. Basu, S. (2020). Changing Character of Hybrid Warfare. Pentagon Press.
- 2. Clausewitz, C. (2003). On War. Penguin, UK.
- 3. Deshpande, V. (2018). *Hybrid Warfare: The Changing Character of Conflict.* Institute for Defence Studies & Analyses. India.
- 4. Katoch, P. C. (2014). Indian Military and Network-centric Warfare.
- 5. Lind, W. S. (2016). 4Th Generation Warfare Handbook. Castalia House.
- 6. Mallick, P. K. (2009). *Principles of War: Time for Relook*. KW Publishers in association with Centre for Land Warfare Studies, New Delhi.
- 7. Pant, H. (2016). Handbook of Indian Defence Policy: Themes, Structures and Doctrines. Abingdon, Routledge.
- 8. S. Levy, J., & R. Thompson, W. (2011). Causes of War. John Wiley & Sons.
- 9. Singer, P. W., & Friedman, A. (2014). *Cyber security and Cyber war: What Everyone Needs to Know*. Oxford University Press.
- 10. Torpey, J., & Jacobson, D. (2016). *Transformations of Warfare in the Contemporary World*. Philadelphia, Temple University Press.

Course No.: MNSS2C002T **Course Title:** Border Security Management in India **Duration of Examination:** 3 Hrs Contact Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs Credit: 04 Maximum Marks: 100

Course Objective(s):

This course aims to acquaint students with the importance of border studies and the nature of borders in South Asia and India. It also attempts to critically evaluate the challenges and diverse management approaches of Border management and the roles and approaches of various stakeholders in India.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs): On completion of the course, students are able to:-

- **CLO:1-** Ability to define and conceptualize Borders and Boundaries from different perspectives.
- CLO:2- Understand and explain the nature and characteristics of Borders in South Asia.
- **CLO:3-** Critically analyse the challenges of Border management of India and identify their diverse management approaches.
- **CLO:4-** Examine and asses the role and approaches of various stakeholders in managing diverse border issues.

Teac	hing S	Schen	ne	Total	Examination Scheme			
(8	Sessio	ns)*		(L+T+P)	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total Marks
Unit	L	Т	Р	C				
Umu		_	1					
Ι	12	0	0	12	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks
II	12	0	0	12				
III	12	0	0	12				
IV	12	0	0	12				
V	12	0	0	12				
Total	60	00	00	60	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks

	Course Contents						
Unit I:	Introduction						
	Concepts and Theories of Border Studies						
	History of Evolution of Borders: Sovereignty and Territoriality						
	Border Making in South Asia and India						
Unit II:	India's Northern Borders						
	 Issues and Challenges with Pakistan: International Border, Line of Control and Pakistan Occupied Jammu and Kashmir (POJK), Actual Ground Position Line (AGPL) Line of Actual Control (LAC)-Conflict and Contestation 						
	India's Border with Nepal and Bhutan						
Unit III:	India's Eastern Borders						
	Issues in Border Management with Myanmar and Bangladesh						
	Sub-regional Connectivity and Trade along Eastern Borders						
	Security Challenges from Border Regions: Evolving Landscape						
Unit IV:	India's Maritime Boundaries						
	India- Sri Lanka Maritime Boundary – Katchathevu and Fishing Rights						
	• Disputes with Other Countries: Pakistan, Myanmar, Bangladesh						
Unit V:	Securing and Managing Indian Borders						
	Role of Armed Forces						
	• Border Infrastructure Management Scheme, Comprehensive Integrated						
	Border Management System						
	Border Management through Development–Border Areas Development Programme, Vibrant Villages Programme.						

Teaching - learning process

- Lectures supported by tutorial work;
- The use of prescribed textbooks and e-learning resources and other selfstudy materials are made available in MOODLE platform;
- Open-ended term-paper work, some of which may be team-based;
- Activities designed to promote the development of generic/transferable and subject-specific skills such as creative thinking, analytical writings.
- Field visits to Border areas/out posts to get an first-hand experience

Progress towards achievement of learning outcomes may be assessed using the following:

- Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) including Unit wise discussions/seminars or tests
- Mandatory Term-paper/assignments;
- Book review and oral presentation and written submission of the review;
- Seminar oral presentation using PPT;
- Time constrained closed-book examinations –Mid-semester and End-semester

Attendance Requirements:

Students are expected to attend all lectures in order to be able to fully benefit from the course. A minimum of 75% attendance is a must, failing which a student may not be permitted to appear in examination.

Reference/Suggested Readings

- 1. Das, P. (2021), *India's Approach to Border Management: From Barriers to Bridges*, New Delhi, India: KW Publishers Pvt Ltd.
- 2. Ferdous, S. (2023), *Partition as Border-Making: East Bengal, East Pakistan and Bangladesh*, New Delhi, India: Routledge.
- 3. Das, G. (2011), *Securing India's Borders: Challenges and Policy Options*, New Delhi: Centre for Land Warfare Studies.
- 4. Joshi, M. (2022), Understanding The India-China Border: The Enduring Threat of War in the High Himalayas, India: HarperCollins.
- 5. Moffat, A. (2007), The Borders: A History of the Borders from Earliest Times, Birlinn Ltd.
- 6. Raza, M. (2021), Contested Lands: India, China and the Boundary Dispute, Westland.
- 7. Saikia, P.; Basu Ray Chaudhury, A. (Eds.) (2019), *India and Myanmar Borderlands: Ethnicity, Security, and Connectivity,* India: Routledge.
- 8. Srivastava, DP., (2021), *Forgotten Kashmir: The Other Side of the Line of Control*, India: HarperCollins.
- 9. Sharma, S. K.; Hassan, Y. ul.; Behuria, A. (2019), *Pakistan Occupied Kashmir: Politics, Parties and Personalities*, New Delhi: Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses.
- 10. Tripathi, D. (Ed.) (2020), *Re-Imagining Border Studies in South Asia*, London: Taylor & Francis.

Course No.: MNSS2C003T **Course Title:** Basics of Defence Economics **Duration of Examination:** 3 Hrs Contact Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs Credit: 04 Maximum Marks: 100

Course Objective(s):

The course intends to impart knowledge to students on the relation between defence economics and national security along with economic impact of defence and security. The students will become aware about the factors influencing defence expenditure, planning for defence. Students shall also learn on the art of mobilizing resources for national defence. It also covers wide spectrum of R&D with respect to defence production in India.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

- **CLO:1-** The course provides a wider perspective of defence economics. After undergoing this course, the students shall understand about the subject's evolution and economics of defence.
- **CLO:2-** The students will become aware of the trending economic warfare and shall be accustomed to the role of defence planning, programming and defence budgeting and also to the effects of war on the economy of a country
- **CLO:3-** The students will get knowledge on the process and art of resources mobilizationduring and post war along with the influence of new technologies on war and economy.
- **CLO:4-** The students shall learn about the wide spectrum of R&D with respect to defence production in India.

Teac	hing	Schen	ne	Total	Examination Scheme				
(\$	Sessio	ns)*		(L+T+P)	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total Marks	
	T								
Unit	L	Т	P	С					
Ι	12	0	0	12	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks	
II	12	0	0	12				100101111	
III	12	0	0	12					
IV	12	0	0	12					
V	12	0	0	12					
Total	60	00	00	60	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks	

	Course Contents						
Unit I:	Introduction						
	• The Economic Foundation of Military Power – Economic Theory of Adam						
	Smith						
	Determinants of Defence Expenditure – Threat Perceptions, Capabilities &						
	Policies						
	Trends and Growth of India's Defence Spending since 1947						
Unit II:	Economic Aspects of Defence						
	Economic Impact of Defence and security- Economic Warfare						
	Defence and Development - Implications for India						
	Defence Research and Development Organisation						
Unit III:	Defence Budget and National Security						
	Defence Planning and National Security-Defence Budget as a Strategic Tool						
	of National Security						
	Comparative Study of Defence Budget of India, Pakistan and China						
	Impact of War on National Economy						
Unit IV:	Resource Mobilization and Emergence of New Technologies						
	Resource Mobilization during and post war						
	Advance Technologies in Military Affairs						
	Rationale for Arms Production in the Third World Countries						
Unit V:	Role of Public, Private partnership in Defence Production in India						
	Ordnance Factories in India						
	Efficiency of Defence Public Sector Undertakings						
	Public-Private Partnership in Defence Sector						
	Atmanirbhar Bharat in Defence Production						

Teaching - learning process

- the use of prescribed available textbooks and e-learning resources and other selfstudy materials;
- individual or team-based open-ended project work;
- interaction with eminent experts from different fields including academia, defence personnels' and researchers
- review and questions & answer based tutorials

- assignments/report writing;
- time-constrained examinations; closed-book and open-book tests;
- oral presentations, including seminar presentation;
- Peer and self- assessment
- team based brief reports related to subject

Attendance Requirements:

Students are expected to attend all lectures in order to be able to fully benefit from the course. *A minimum of 75% attendance is a must, failing which a student may not be permitted to appear in examination.*

Reference/Suggested Readings

- 1. Behera, Laxman Kumar (2020). *India's Defence Economy, Planning, Budgeting, Industry and Procurement*. Routledge: Oxford
- 2. Ghosh, Amiya K (2013). *Resource Allocation and Management in Defence: Need for a Framework*. New Delhi: Knowledge World Publishers
- 3. Government of India, Ministry of Defence. (2020). *Defence Acquisition Procedure 2020*. Retrieved from https://mod.gov.in/dod/sites/default/files/wn25423.pdf
- 4. Gupta, R. K. (2021). *Institutes That Shaped Modern India: DRDO*. New Delhi: Rupa Publications.
- 5. Matthews, R. (2019). *The Political Economy of Defence*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- 6. Pant, Harsh V. (2016). *Handbook of Indian Defence Policy: Themes, Structure and Doctrines*. New York: Routledge
- 7. Scitovsky, T., Shaw, E., & Tarshis, L. (2012). *Mobilizing Resources For War: The Economic Alternatives*. Literary Licensing, USA
- 8. Smith, A. (1776). *An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations*. (Facsimile of 1904 ed.). University of Chicago Press. (Original work published in 1776). United Kingdom.
- 9. Suman, Mrinal (2021). Of Matters Military: Defence production and Mission Make in India. New Delhi: Vij Books.
- 10. The International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (2024). *The Military Balance 2024*. London: IISS

SKILL ENRICHMENT/VALUE ADDITTION COURSE

Course No: MNSS2C004T **Course Title:** Understanding Contemporary China **Duration of Examination:** 2 Hrs Contact Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs Credit: 02 Maximum Marks: 50

Course objective (s):

The objective is to provide students with a basic understanding of China, including its history, economic interactions, and global engagements, while also developing a balanced understanding of communist ideology, its foreign policy, and China's engagements and disputes with India.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs): On Completion of the course, students are able to:-

- **CLO:1-** Understand and explain the historical and cultural foundation of China.
- **CLO:2-** Learn about the communist ideology, foreign policy, and global engagements of China
- **CLO:3-** Recognize economic interactions and understand bilateral relations between India and China.

Teac	hing S	Schen	ıe	Total	Examination Scheme				
(9	Sessio	ns)		(L+T+P)	CIA	MSE	ESE	TOTAL	
								MARKS	
Unit	L	Т	Р	С					
Ι	10	0	0	10	10 Marks	15 Marks	25 Marks	50 Marks	
II	10	0	0	10					
III	10	0	0	10					
Total	30	00	00	30	10 Marks	15 Marks	25 Marks	50 Marks	

	Course Contents						
Unit I:	Historical and Cultural Foundation						
	Chinese Civilization: An Overview						
	• Rise of Communist China						
	Cultural Revolution and Reform Ira						
Unit II:	Political and Economic Dynamics						
	Maoist Ideology						
	• Role of CCP in Modern Chinese Politics						
	• Foreign Policy and Global Engagement						
Unit III:	India-China Relations in the Contemporary Period						
	Bilateral Relations: Historical Context and Current Dynamics						
	• Economic Interactions (Trade, Investments)						
	Border Disputes and Tibetan Issue						

Teaching - Learning process

Teaching methods guided by such a framework may include:

- Individual or team-based open-ended based learning
- Use of prescribed textbooks, e-learning resources, and other self-study materials
- Classroom discussions to clarify concepts and ideas
- Develop critical thinking by analysing various concepts and issues related to China
- Interaction with eminent experts from different fields, including academia, defence personnel, and researchers

Assessment methods

Progress towards achievement of learning outcomes may be assessed using the following:

- time-constrained examinations;
- problem-based assignments;
- observation of individual project reports;
- team project, oral presentations, including seminar presentations;
- self- assessment etc. and any other pedagogic approaches as per the context.

Attendance Requirements:

Students are expected to attend all lectures in order to fully benefit from the course. A minimum of 75% attendance is a must, failing which a student may not be permitted to appear in the examination.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Brandt, Loren and Thomas G. Rawski (eds). (2008). *China's Great Economic Transformation*, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Lanteigne, M. (2015). Chinese Foreign Policy: An Introduction (3rd ed.). Routledge.
- 3. Delisle, J., & Goldstein, A. (Eds.). (2017). *China's Global Engagement: Cooperation, Competition, and Influence in the 21st Century*. Brookings Institution.
- 4. University Press. (2022, January 23). *Red Handed Book: A Brief History of the Chinese Communist Party: From Mao Zedong to Xi Jinping.*
- 5. Singh, Z. D. (2020). Powershift: India-China Relations in a Multipolar World. Macmillan.
- 6. Dickson, B. J. (2021). *The Party and the People: Chinese Politics in the 21st Century*. Princeton University Press.
- 7. Murthy, G. (2010). *International Trade & Economic Co-operation: India's Approach & Perspectives*. New Century Publications.
- 8. Dreyer, June Teufel. (2011). China's Political System 9th edition, London: Pearson.
- 9. Heilmann, Sebastian and Elizabeth J. Perry (eds). (2011). *Mao's Invisible Hand*, Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Asia Center.
- 10. Saich, Tony. (2011). *Governance and Politics in China* 3rd edition, New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES

(Any Two out of Three Course)

Course No.: MNSS2O001T **Course Title:** Geopolitics and Regional Security **Duration of Examination:** 3 Hrs Contact Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs Credit: 04 Maximum Marks: 100

Course Objective(s):

The course shall familiarise the students with the nature of geopolitics in a globalised world. It also helps in developing an understanding on the major themes of the subject. After undergoing through this course, the students shall be able to critically analyse the range of issues, themes and approached in contemporary geopolitics.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

- CLO:1- Explain the concepts & theories of geopolitics.
- CLO:2- Analyze geographical contestations.
- CLO:3- Theories regional security with geopolitical developments
- CLO:4- Build scenarios for Geo-political competitions.

Teac	hing	Schen	ne	Total					
(\$	Sessio	ns)*		(L+T+P)	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total Marks	
Unit	L	Τ	Р	С					
Ι	12	0	0	12	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks	
II	12	0	0	12					
III	12	0	0	12					
IV	12	0	0	12					
V	12	0	0	12					
Total	60	00	00	60	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks	

	Course Contents							
Unit I:	Introduction to Geopolitics							
	Definitions of Geopolitics, Territoriality and Space							
	• Evolution of the Discipline: Empire, Colonialism and Post-Colonialism							
	Geopolitical Structures and Hierarchical Order							
Unit II:	Theories of Geopolitics							
	Classical Theories							
	Heartland Theory (Halford J. Mackinder)							
	Sea Power (Alfred Thayer Mahan)							
	Rimland Theory (Nicholas J. Spykman)							
	Critical Geopolitics							
Unit III:	Globalization and Geopolitics							
	Impact of Globalization on Nation-State and Sovereignty							
	• New Structures and Challenges: Global Justice and Humanitarianism							
	Geopolitics and De-Globalization Debate							
Unit IV:	Contemporary Issues in Geopolitics							
	Global Environmental Issues							
	Geopolitics of Energy and trade							
	Technology as a geopolitical fault lines							
Unit V:	The Case studies							
	Geopolitical Analysis of Afghanistan							
	Geopolitical Competition in Trans-Himalayan region							
	Cyber Warfare and Geopolitics							

Teaching - learning process

- Lectures supported by tutorial work;
- The use of prescribed textbooks and e-learning resources and other selfstudy materials are made available in MOODLE platform;
- Open-ended term-paper work, some of which may be team-based;
- Activities designed to promote the development of generic/transferable and subjectspecific skills such as creative thinking, analytical writings

Progress towards achievement of learning outcomes may be assessed using the following:

- Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) including Unit wise discussions/seminars or tests
- Mandatory Term-paper/assignments;
- Book review and oral presentation and written submission of the review;
- Seminar oral presentation using PPT
- Time constrained closed-book examinations -Mid-semester and End-semester.

Attendance Requirements:

Students are expected to attend all lectures in order to be able to fully benefit from the course. A minimum of 75% attendance is a must, failing which a student may not be permitted to appear in examination.

Reference/Suggested Readings:

- 1. Clad, J., McDonald S.M. (2011). *The Borderlands of Southeast Asia: Geopolitics, Terrorism and Globalization*. NDU Press.
- 2. Cohen, S. B. (2015). *Geopolitics: The geography of international relations*. United Kingdom: Rowman & Littlefield.
- 3. Cope, Z. (2024). *The Palgrave Handbook of Contemporary Geopolitics. (Eds.)*. Cham: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 4. Cuiping Zhu. (2018). *India's Ocean: Can China and India Coexist?*. Singapore: Springer.
- 5. Gearóid O'Tuathail. (1996). Critical geopolitics. Routledge.
- 6. Jones, M., Jones, R., & Woods, M. (2004). *An introduction to political geography: Space, place and politics.* Routledge.
- 7. Kumar, Y. (2020). Geopolitics in the Era of Globalisation. Taylor & Francis.
- 8. Riegl, M. (2013). *Strategic and Geopolitical Issues in the Contemporary World*. UK: Cambridge Scholars Publishing.
- 9. Rosenberg, M. (2017). *Strategy and Geopolitics: Understanding Global Complexity in a Turbulent World*. UK: Emerald Group Publishing.
- 10. Sempa, F. (2017). *Geopolitics: From the Cold War to the 21st Century*. New York: Routledge.

Course Code: MNSS2O002T **Course Title:** Energy and Environmental Security **Duration of Examination:** 3 Hrs Contact Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs Credit: 04 Maximum Marks: 100

Course Objective(s):

The aim is to make the students understand the Concept of Security during post-cold war period. The subject also explains about the emergence of Notion of Comprehensive Security and its aspects like Political, Social, Economical, Environmental, Energy Security and Human Security. The course will also introduce and enrich the students on debate and case studies related to Non-Traditional Security threats faced by the nations.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

- **CLO:1-** The course will describes how the idea of comprehensive security came to be, which will focus on security issues that are not military in nature, notably those relating to the environment and energy.
- **CLO:2-** Students will understand the concept of environmental security and its impact on natural resources.
- **CLO:3-** The course will educate the students on various resource conflicts based on water, Energy, etc.
- **CLO:4-** Students will discuss with case studies on both interstate and intrastate conflicts over recourse sharing.

Teac	hing	Schen	ne	Total	Total Examination Scheme				
(5	Sessio	ns)*		(L+T+P)	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total Marks	
		r	1						
Unit	L	Т	Р	С					
Ι	12	0	0	12	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks	
Π	12	0	0	12				100 101111	
III	12	0	0	12					
IV	12	0	0	12					
V	12	0	0	12					
Total	60	00	00	60	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks	

	Course Contents							
Unit I:	Introduction							
	Concept of National Security/Security Debate							
	Environmental Security-Concept, Meaning, Definition							
	Relation to Comprehensive Security							
Unit II:	Environment - Security Nexus							
	Effect of Environment on Security							
	Impact of war making on Environment							
	Perceptive of Thomas Homer Dixon and Norman Meyers							
Unit III:	Energy Security and Environment							
	Types of Energy Resources							
	Energy Security Debate in International Relations							
	Energy Security in India							
Unit IV:	Various Environmental Threats and Threat Assessment							
	Climate Change/Global Warming							
	• Water Disputes and effects of hazardous waste on environment.							
	Environmental Threats-Emerging Trends/ Maritime Environment							
Unit V:	Environmental Issues and International Initiatives							
	Inter-State and Intra-State Issues in South Asia							
	• UNO (UNEP, UNDP)							
	• EU, SAARC, ASEAN and other groupings							

Teaching - learning process

Teaching methods, guided by such a framework, may include:

- lectures supported by group tutorial work;
- the use of prescribed textbooks and e-learning resources and other self-study materials;
- activities designed to promote the development of generic/transferable and subject-specific skills;

Progress towards achievement of learning outcomes may be assessed using the following:

- time-constrained examinations; closed-book and open-book tests;
- Problem based assignments; team project reports; oral presentations, including seminar presentation; Pedagogic approaches as per the context.

Attendance Requirements:

Students are expected to attend all lectures in order to be able to fully benefit from the course. *A minimum of 75% attendance is a must, failing which a student may not be permitted to appear in examination.*

Reference/Suggested Readings

- 1. Barnett, J. (2011). *The Meaning of Environmental Security: Ecological Politics and Policy in the New Security Era*. Zed Books.
- 2. Chadha, G., & Pandya, A. B. (2021). *Water Governance and Management in India*. Springer Nature.
- 3. Chellaney, B., & Najibullah, H. (2007). On the Frontline of Climate Change-International Security Implications. KAS Publications Series, New Delhi.
- 4. Dasgupta, P., Saha, A. R., & Singhal, R. (2021). *Sustainable Development Insights from India*. Springer Nature.
- 5. Gaan, N. (2008). *Climate Change and International Politics*. Kalpaz Publications, New Delhi.
- 6. Homer-Dixon, T. (1999). *Environment, Scarcity, and Violence*. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press. .
- 7. Jeffrey, M. (2010). *Climate Conflict: How Global Warming Threatens Security and What to Do about It*. New York, Routledge.
- 8. Nahar, E. (2016). Inter-State Conflicts and Contentious Issues in South Asia: Challenges and Prospects for SAARC. Kalpaz, India Distributed By Gyan Books Pvt. Ltd, Delhi.
- 9. Narayanan, N. C. (2008). *State, Natural Resources Conflict and Challenges to Governance*. Academic Foundation Publishers in Association with Institute of Rural Management, New Delhi.
- 10. Sharma, A. (2021). India's Pursuit of Energy Security: Domestic Measures, Foreign Policy and Geopolitics. Sage, Los Angeles.

Course No: MNSS2O003T **Course Title:** Comprehensive Security **Duration of Examination:** 3 Hrs Contact Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs Credit: 04 Maximum Marks: 100

Course objective(s):

Through this course, students will understand the concept of 'security' in the post-Cold War period by exploring the notion of comprehensive security, which includes political, social, economic, environmental, and humanitarian dimensions. Furthermore, the course also enriches the students' knowledge on non-traditional security issues facing the nation.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- CLO 1: Understand and explain the concept of national and comprehensive security.
- CLO2: Learn about political stability, governance, ideologies and extremism.
- CLO3: Learn about economic stability and global interdependence.
- CLO4: Recognize the societal and Environmental aspects of security

Teaching Scheme				Total	Examination Scheme			
(Sessions)*				(L+T+P)	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total Marks
Unit	L	Т	Р	С				
Ι	12	0	0	12	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks
II	12	0	0	12				
III	12	0	0	12				
IV	12	0	0	12				
V	12	0	0	12				
Total	60	00	00	60	20 Marks	30 Marks	50 Marks	100 Marks

Course Contents							
Unit I:	Introduction						
	Concept of Security-Definitions, Meanings.						
	Highlight on the Traditional notion of Security						
	• Introduction to the Concept of Comprehensive Security.						
Unit II:	Political Aspect of Security						
	Governance and Security						
	Political Stability and Governance						
	Political Ideologies and Extremism						
Unit III:	Economic Aspect of Security						
	Economic Stability and Development						
	• Food as a security component						
	Global Economic Interdependence						
Unit IV:	Societal Aspect of Security						
_	Issue of Migration						
	Civil Society and National Security						
	Human Security Perspective						
Unit V:	Environmental Aspect of Security						
	Climate Change						
	Water disputes						
	Energy and Environment						

Teaching - Learning process

Teaching methods guided by such a framework may include:

- Individual or team-based open-ended based learning
- Use of prescribed textbooks, e-learning resources, and other self-study materials;
- Discussion-based tutorials to clarify concepts and ideas
- Develop critical thinking by analyzing various concepts and issues related to social, economic, political, and environmental security
- Interaction with eminent experts from different fields, including academia, defence personnel and researchers

Assessment methods

Progress towards achievement of learning outcomes may be assessed using the following:

- time-constrained examinations;
- problem-based assignments;
- observation of individual project reports;

- team project, oral presentations, including seminar presentations;
- self- assessment etc. and any other pedagogic approaches as per the context.

Attendance Requirements:

Students are expected to attend all lectures in order to fully benefit from the course. A minimum of 75% attendance is a must, failing which a student may not be permitted to appear in the examination.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Asif, M. (Ed.). (2021). *Energy and Environmental Security in Developing Countries* (1st ed.). Springer Nature Switzerland AG.
- 2. Dev. (2001). Social and Economic Security in India. BPR Publishers.
- 3. McCulloch, A. (2016). *Power-Sharing and Political Stability in Deeply Divided Societies*. Routledge.
- 4. Paleri, P. (2022). *Revisiting National Security: Prospecting Governance for Human Well-Being* (1st ed.). Springer Verlag.
- 5. Ramaswamy, S., & Surulivel, L. (2021). Food Security in India. MJP Publisher.
- 6. Reveron, D. S., & Mahoney-Norris, K. A. (2018). *Human and National Security: Transnational Challenges: Understanding Transnational Challenges.* Westview Press.
- 7. Sinha, U. K. (2021). Indus Basin Uninterrupted: A History of Territory and Politics from Alexander to Nehru. Vintage Books.
- 8. Subramanyam, K., & Kak, K. (2010). *Comprehensive Security for an Emerging India*. KW Publishers Pvt Ltd.
- 9. Tadjbakhsh, S., & Chenoy, A. (2006). *Human Security: Concepts and Implications* (1st ed.). Routledge.
- 10. Wuttke, J. (2022). *Practical Guide on Transboundary Waste Movements* (1st ed.). Books on Demand.