

END SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2017
Department of Public Policy and Public Administration
Central University of Jammu

Course No: PGPPA4C002T
Maximum Marks: 100 Marks

Title: Measuring Governance
Maximum Time: 3 hours

Section A

Choose the correct answer. Each question carries 1.5 marks. (10 x 1.5=15 Marks)

- i) What does Global Integrity Index track?
- a. Corruption Trends
 - b. Openness
 - c. Accountability
 - d. All of the above
- ii) Who coined the term MBO?
- a. Peter Drucker
 - b. Henry Fayol
 - c. L.D White
 - d. Woodrow Wilson
- iii) Which of the following statements is correct?
- a. The Quality of governance is different from the ends that governance is meant to fulfill
 - b. Governance is about the performance of agents and not about the goals that principals set
 - c. Governance is about execution as opposed to politics
 - d. All of the above
- iv) Which of the following is a drawback of measuring Governance?
- a. It is easy to overstate the clarity and objectivity of measures of governance.
 - b. the links from indicators to outcomes of interest are complex
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. None
- v) The existing measures of governance are highly inadequate because _____?
- a. Governments are complex collections of organizations
 - b. Quality of Government is a mixture
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. None
- vi) Which of the following statements is correct?
- a. Tax Extraction rates are the only possible measures of state capacity
 - b. Tax Extraction is a reasonable starting point for measuring capacity
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. None

- vii) Which of the following highlights the problem of procedural definitions of bureaucracy?
- Procedures may not correlate with the positive outcomes expected from governments
 - Bureaucrat selected on the basis of 'merit' does not define merit
 - Both a & b
 - None
- viii) Output is not a valid measure of state quality because _____?
- Measuring output is itself problematic methodologically
 - Outcome measures cannot be divorced from procedural measures
 - Public sectors produce services which are hard to measure
 - All of the above
- ix) PERT is an acronym for _____?
- Program Evaluation and Review Technique
 - Project Evaluation and Review Technique
 - Plan Evaluation and Review Technique
 - None
- x) Which of the following is a difficulty in using rules-based indicators to design and monitor governance reforms?
- Absence of information
 - gaps between statutory laws 'on the books' and their implementation in practice 'on the ground'
 - Both a & b
 - None

Section B

Answer any five questions

Each question in this Section carries eight marks.

(05x08=40 Marks)

1. Define Governance.

Or

Discuss the rationale of Measuring Governance.

2. What are the drawbacks of Output measures?

Or

What do you understand by Procedural measures?

3. Highlight the significance of Measuring Governance.

Or

What do you understand by Methodological Plurality with regard to Measuring Governance?

4. Explain the Human Development Index.

Or

Write a short note on Corruption Perception Index.

5. Write a short note on Political Stability and Absence of Violence.

Or

What do you understand by Cost Benefit Analysis?

Section C

Attempt any 3 questions. Each question carries 15marks.

(03x15= 45 Marks)

1. Discuss the concept of Governance. Explain the need and significance of Measuring Governance.
2. Discuss in detail the different approaches for evaluating the Quality of Governance.
3. Discuss the main issues that arise in the analysis of different models of measuring Governance.
4. Write a detailed note on the World Wide Governance Indicators (WGI).
5. Explain the different Tools of Measuring Governance.